The Pittsburgh Daily Commercial.

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The Daily Commercial.

OUR COUNTRY.

It is all ours:—
Ours from the placid western sea
To the emerald eastern slopes;
Ours by our father's history,
Ours by our children's hopes.

It is all ours:—
Ours from the north lakes' crystal waves
To the silver southern foam;
Ours by the changeless right of graves,
Ours by the lives to come,

It is all ours:—
Ours by the homes that deck the land,
Ours by the pathways trod;
Ours by the ages' stern demand,
Ours by the gift of God.

It is all ours:
Ours by the patriot's holy love,
Ours by his deathly throe;
Ours by the starry flag above,
Ours by the blood below.

It is all ours:—
Ours by the freeman's title deed,
To the land of liberty;
Ours for the freeman's sacred creed,
Ours for humanity.

—*Harper's Weekly.*

LECTURE ON TYPE-SETTING MACHINES.—Charles W. Felt, the well-known inventor of a type-setting machine, lectured by invitation before the Boston Printers' Union recently at Stacy Hall in that city. The President of the Union, H. W. Harrington, occupied the chair. After the transaction of business, Mr. Felt was introduced and addressed the Union for some two hours. He alluded to the great task which any revolution in the art of printing required. The efforts of inventors in relation to type-setting was also adverted to. Thomas N. Rooker and John H. Tobitt, of New York, and Mr. A. H. Bailey, of the Boston *Transcript*, were mentioned as having devoted much time to improving the prevailing methods.

Mr. Rooker has introduced into the *Tribune* office forty cases with moveable bottoms. In these cases the bottoms may always be kept conveniectly full in composition, and in distribution the bottoms may be lowered so as to receive a large quantity of type. Mr. Tobbitt's plan, and also that of Mr. Bailey, is that of uniting two or more letters upon one body, so that by one lift two or three letters are set up instead of one. Mr. Bailey's system of combinations is admirable, and is calculated to save from twenty to forty per cent. in composition. When it is considered that the word *the* forms six per cent, of the language, and *and* about four, while many others exceed two per cent., the advantage of a combination system is evident. The difficulty in the matter, as Mr. Felt alleges, is as to how many and what combinations may be used with profit. The use of type-setting machines, it was claimed, would add 25 per cent. to the earnings of the printer; but the stronger argument in its power it that it will *add twenty-five per cent. to his life.* Though the subject of combination type is one of primary importance, because so simple, and because yielding a gain which is a profit of itself, yet the great reform in printing is to be made by introducing machinery. In all machines hitherto invented no attempt has been made to justify. The possibility of justifying by machinery has long been doubted, but Mr. Felt contends confidently that there is no impossibility in the case. The type are set up in his machine in the usual order as the keys are touched, and the words are separated, not by the usual spaces, but by pieces of steel with heads by which they may be drawn out. These pieces of steel are of any convenient thickness, perhaps a 4-em space, and they serve to indicate the places where the spaces are to be put in. The machine inserts a space by the side of the first piece of steel, and by each one in succession until the line is full. It will usually be a little more than the proper length, and this is corrected in taking out the pieces of steel. If the line is exactly the proper length. the place of the pieces of steel is supplied by spaces of the same thickness. If of greater length the place of one or more of the pieces of steel is supplied by spaces a fraction thinner, until the precise length is reached, after which the spaces put in are of the same thickness as the pieces of steel taken out. These operations are automatic, requiring no attention from the operator, and are going on with one line at the same time that the following line is being set up. When a line is justified it is delivered upon a galley (leaded if desired), ready for the press.

Mr. Felt illustrated his remarks by diagrams on a large scale, thereby rendering his remarks additionally clear. He had also before him a model of a portion of his own machine. This exhibited chiefly the method of justifying. Those present were invited to propound such questions as might occur to their minds, and very much light was elicited thereby. At the conclusion of the lecture a vote of thanks was passed to Mr. Felt. During the evening Mr. Bailey also explained his system of calculations from an admirably painted map which he has executed. The company organized to manufacture the Felt machine are at work in Providence, and will have them in readiness as soon as possible.

RUSSIAN RULE IN POLAND.—The following description of one of the late executions in Warsaw is from an eye-witness:

I had been to the five places, and everywhere found a numerous assemblage of spectators. At length I proceeded to the Bank Square to witness the execution of Kosinski, as he was stated to be the youngest of the five who were to be executed, and I therefore expected that he would show the least firmness. The procession appeared about half past nine. It consisted of a common cart, on which Kosinski sat, with a Capuchin monk opposite to him, both appearing to be deeply engaged in confidential talk, and a detachment of gens d'armes and Uhlans.

The cart stopped at a stake near the bank buildings, and a loud cry of anguish came from the assembled crowd. Kosinski, a youth of nineteen years at most, stepped quietly to the ground, and looked around him in a friendly way, and with evident calmness. His smiling face only became clouded when the crowd gave vent to their emotion in loud cries and sobs. At a signal from the commanding officer the band began to play, and an usher, who held a paper in his hand, read with a loud voice something which was probably the sentence, but which was not heard on account of the music. It was now a quarter to ten.

The Capuchin monk, who had also alighted from the cart, and had placed himself near Kosinski, now gave him a small crucifix. Kosinski kissed the crucifix reverently, and afterward the monk's hand. Two provosts now led him to the stake, bound his arms tightly to it, and tied a bandage over his eyes. While these terrible preparations were going on the handsome features of the young man again cleared up. The officer now gave the word of command, and twelve soldiers of the Grenadier Guard came forward. I closed my eyes involuntarily, and only opened them after I had heard the volley fired. I saw the body of Kosinski stagger, and then recover itself. Strange to say, the grenadiers, whether from awkwardness or on purpose, had aimed badly, and only hit the unfortunate man's leg. He was still living. Two soldiers then came close to him, and fired two or three shots with their revolvers at his chest. Then, only, Kosinski fell. The sound of weeping and moaning filled the air. The body was taken up by the gendearmes and thrown on the cart, which slowly drove away. The blood had flowed abundantly, and as some plaster had come off on the stake, two plasterers immediately came forward and plastered up the spot there and then. Forbidden arms had been found on these young men—an offence which, perhaps, deserved punishment, but surely not that of death.

MURDER AT CALHOUN.—The Evansville *Journal* states that a murder was committed on Tuesday morning last at Calhoun, McLean county, Ky., under the following circumstances: A blacksmith named Roberts hired a negro man from a wealthy tobacco factor named Schroeder at the rate of thirty dollars per month. After the colored man had remained with Roberts for three weeks, Schroder took his slave away and demanded pay for a full month. Roberts refused to pay more than for the time the negro had been in his employ, whereupon Schroder shot Roberts dead in his tracks, and immediately made his escape. Every exertion is being made to secure the arrest and punishment of the murderer.

Army of the Potomac on the Move!

News from Chattanooga most Satisfactory!

Burnside's Expedition Completed!

News From New Orleans!

&c. &c. &c. &c.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—A special to the *World*, dated Washington, 6th, says that the Army of the Potomac is at last on the move, and in a direction which indicates the abandonment of Warrenton, on the route to Richmond. Winter quarters being probably in view, this movement may be a step in the direction of a quiet abiding place for troops, where the blasts of the approaching season may be foiled by the use of log huts instead of tents.

Intelligence from the Army of the Potomac does not possess the interest anticipated. Two correspondents came near being captured by guerrillas only a short distance from headquarters. Gen. Steadman, of the Army of the Cumberland, has just arrived here from Chattanooga, and reports everything there in the most satisfactory condition. The capture of Lookout Mountain insures the permanent occupation of Chattanooga against all assaults from the enemy.

Herald specials of Washington 6th, state that the steam frigate Niagara was still lying in Gloucester harbor, not having as yet been able to obtain sufficient complement of seamen to proceed to sea. The town Council of Gloucester has voted the sum of $20,000 to be paid in bounties to seamen who shall enlist in the crew of the Niagara, the Navy Department having no authority to offer bounties for enlistments in the navy.

The *Herald* has the following:

Army of the Potomac, Nov. 6.—Guerrillas are here and there and everywhere. Among their most recent victims are Lieut. Hodges, Commissary of Kilpatrick's Division, who was shot yesterday, between Auburn and Stevens' Church, on or near the Warrenton and Catlett's Station road. His wound is very severe; Adjutant Brooks, of the 7th Wisconsin infantry, captured within our lines yesterday, and the Cavalry Quartermaster, killed by guerrillas near Warrenton Junction.

There was quite a panic among the sutlers who had goods up to the front yesterday by a road in violation of orders prohibiting the sale of sutlers' goods in the army, many of whom were arrested, their tents closed, and such goods as not ordered by officers confiscated.

Two hundred and twenty-seven cars came up from Alexandria yesterday with supplies.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—The hospital steamer McDougal arrived from New Orleans, having left Oct. 27. Among the passengers are Surgeon-General Hammond, *en route* to Washington, and about a hundred discharged and furloughed soldiers from Banks' command.

From citizens of Mayfield, Ky., we learn that guerrillas who captured Lucien Anderson, member of Congress in their late raid, assert that he is to be held as a hostage for Trusten Polk.

Dr. Landrew, State Senator, and Anderson, 70 years old, were among the captured. The rebels had bloodhounds with them in their march, used in hunting Union men, and, when caught, they murdered them.

Eighteen thousand dollars worth of goods were taken from the stores. A train was thrown off the track and fired into, and the passengers robbed of their valuables. The rebels were commanded by Faulkner and Newcome.

FORTRESS MONROE, Nov. 5.—The mail boat has arrived from Yorktown. She brought down two officers—Major Houston and Lieut. D. Von Veitzen—who had made their escape from Richmond. The Major was captured last July in North Carolina, and imprisoned with the Lieutenant in the Libby prison. They made their escape a week ago last Sunday by disguising themselves as rebels. They state that the rebel soldiers were dying of starvation, and were not allowed enough food in a week to support them a day.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 7.—A Knoxville dispatch to the Cincinnati *Commercial*, says a rebel regiment crossed the Little Tennessee on Monday, and were driven back by Col. Adams, of the 1st Kentucky. Their loss was fifty killed and forty drowned, including four officers captured.

Arkansas advices represent Arkadelphia, recently Price's headquarters, in possession of Gen. Steele.

Over seven hundred volunteers from Yell county, Arkansas, reported to Gen. Steele for duty. Two infantry regiments are being raised at Batesville.

The Pirate Tuscaloosa.

NEW YORK, November 7.—The British bark Ansdale reports that on the 27th of September she was boarded by the pirate Tuscaloosa, on a piratical cruise.

BRITISH INDIAN TROUBLES.—The threatening news that the Punjab has been invaded by a son of Dost Mohammed, one of the most renowned chieftains of Central Asia, who died at the beginning of the present year, has produced a great sensation in England; for the New York *Tribune* says it is well and generally known by the English people that, among all the foreign dependencies of England, there is none whose loyalty can be less depended upon than India. There are now living in India, under British rule, nearly 190,000,000 of people, governed and kept in check by a small body of European troops and officers. Outside of the native Europeans, there are only small portions of the native population on whose loyalty England can depend; these are the native christians, the Parsees, the East Indians, or descendants of Europeans and natives; but, together, they number not more than four or five millions of inhabitants. The remainder are all doubtful. Large portions of the native population, especially among the Mohammedans, are fanatically opposed to the continuance of British rule, and only waiting for a favorable opportunity to rise in insurrection. The memory of the horrors of the Sepoy rebellion is still fresh in the minds of every Englishman, and the breaking out of a new Indian war will jeopard not only English rule, but endanger the lives of all his countrymen in India. Nena Sahib the bloodthirsty chief of the Sepoys, is still at large; for the recent report of his capture turns out to be erroneous. He meditates vengeance, and may be expected to avail himself of the first opportunity to raise again the standard of revolt. The English, therefore, wait with intense anxiety for further news from their Indian possessions and their countrymen in the East.

GENERAL BEAUREGARD'S GREEK FIRE.—*A Discovery in Fort Wagner.*—The following is an extract from a private letter to a gentleman of this city, dated Fort Wagner, October 10, 1863:

"I opened one of the unexploded magazines, and dug out a lot of as 'villainous compounds' as ever Mr. Beauregard complained of. First, was a little box containing sulphuric acid, in tubes about six inches in length by one-third of an inch in diameter, and by it a box marked 'fire bottles,' on the inside of the cover of which was a card of 'directions.' Taking one of the bottles, and preparing it according to the direction, I pitched it at something hard

"The experiment was perfectly successful. The bottle burst, the contents were ignited, and burnt for about ten minutes. The bottles evidently contained camphene, gunpowder and chlorate of potash. To-day I found another of their 'fire-bugs,' which consists of a tin can holding about a quart, in the centre of which is suspended a smaller can. The inner can contains powder, and the space around it is filled with cotton and turpentine. A time-fuse communicates from the outside with the inner can. Being a little suspicious of the fuse, I first emptied the fluid by means of a small opening at the top, and commenced my investigations by 'regular approaches' from the bottom. Cutting through this I seized the 'little joker' and twisted off its neck. Finding that the fuse left plenty of margin for dodging, I brought one out and got up some fireworks at rebel expense. It exploded, throwing the cotton four or five yards around, and covering the ground with fire. I don't see how Mr. Beauregard can complain of 'Greek fire' after this."

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Would respectfully call the attention of business men and the traveling community to the superior accommodations and comfort of their establishment.

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THE UNITED STATES HOTEL,

COVERLY & HUTCHISON, Proprietors,

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THE UNITED STATES HOTEL, has been entirely refitted throughout, and now has accommodations equal in extent, comfort and luxury to any hotel between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh. Its location is the best in the State Capital, being in easy access to all the railroad depots, and in close proximity to all the public offices and business localities of the city. It has now all the conveniences of

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and the Proprietors are determined to spare neither expense, time or labor to ensure the comfort of the guests. The patronage of the traveling public is respectfully solicited. no63m

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THOS. S. WEBB,
FRANK R. WEBB,
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This delightful Summer Resort is now open for the reception of VISITORS and BOARDERS. FAMILIES can be accommodated with BOARDING, during the Season, on very favorable terms. His TABLE is furnished with every delicacy which the market affords. It is easy of access by the Connelsville Railroad.

H. KLEINMAN.

M'Keesport, Sept., 1863.

THE BELLVIDERE HOUSE,

ED. EICHENLAUB,

PROPRIETOR.

NEAR SHARPSBURG. se19

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Restaurant and Eating Saloon,

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The very best of Shell and Can Oysters served up in every style, together with all the Delicacies of the Season.

☞ LUNCH EVERY MORNING. oc8-1y

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OPEN AGAIN.—E. REINEMAN'S

DUQUESNE EATING HOUSE,

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Restaurant and Eating Saloon,

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se7:1y *PITTSBURGH, PA.*

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JAS. S. WILLIAMS.....Proprietor.
se7:6m

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32 Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.

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FRESH OYSTERS received daily, which we are prepared to serve up in every style. [no3:2w

SILVER CLOUD SALOON,

(Late Capt. C. C. Seeley's.)

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PROPRIETOR.

18 Market street.

The choicest ALES, WINES and LIQUORS kept constantly on hand. OYSTERS served in every style. no33:3m

JOHN MEYER'S

Restaurant and Eating Saloon,

No. 46 Smithfield street,

oc28:1y PITTSBURGH.

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RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON,

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WARM LUNCH every morning. [oc31:3m

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Wholesale Grocers

AND IMPORTERS OF

BRANDIES, WINES AND SEGARS,

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Iron, Nails, Cotton Yarns, &c. &c., constantly on hand. se15

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AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

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S. H. LUCAS,

Grocer, Flour & Commission Merchant,

No. 265 Liberty street,
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REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SIEDLE,

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PITTSBURG

The Daily Commercial.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1863.

Publication Office, 73 and 74 Fifth Street, (2d Floor) Opposite Postoffice.

PUBLISHED BY
The Commercial Printing Co.

☞ Interesting reading and commercial matter will be found on the first and fourth pages.

THE London ladies are taught swimming at the Marylebone baths, which are much resorted to. Some of the most active water nymphs can swim half a mile without fatigue.

THE English people are curiously economical. Hawthorne tells us many strange things about them. In a fashionable lady's newspaper, in London, there are no less than five articles in reply to an inquiry, "How can old kid boots be successfully restored to their original color."

WHILE Rev. Mr. CLARK was preaching to the people of Sacramento, McLean county, Ky., on Wednesday last, a gang of guerrillas attacked the congregation. A fight ensued, and one man was killed and three or four wounded. The guerrillas were routed.

IT is objected to some modern writers that they cannot express themselves simply and naturally. Thus, speaking of a dirty street, they say it is a "thoroughfare offensive to the olfactory sense," a corpse is "a remnant of mortality," a roomy house is "a spacious domicile;" picking a flower is "culling from nature's beautiful parterre a fragrant boquet," and the poor cat of the adage is always "a feline animal."

A RUMOR has originated in Belgium that the Queen of England is disposed to marry a second time, and the London press is very indignant. At the same time, while they pronounce it "a foul and dangerous calumny," they also state their fears about King Leopold's visit to England the present month. The advice of this "crafty diplomatist," as they style him, is said never to have been given to or taken by the Queen without "injury to her welfare and honor."

NOVEL LAW POINT.—A church in Grimsby, California, on calling to its service a new Rector, got up a subscription list to pay his salary. One of the subscribers, supposing the subscription would bind him but for a year, refused to pay afterwards, and was sued for the debt by the Rector. The Court has decided that, as the subscription was made without limitation in point of time, it binds all the signers for the amount opposite their names, as long as the present Rector holds his situation.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE has published some observations on the sanitary condition of the Indian army, at the request of the commission on that subject. She was particularly requested to give her opinion on the "consequences of a vicious life." The London *Critic* remarks on this request that it must have been thought "she had no more sex than an angel." But she accepted the task "with the repulsive sigh of a mortal woman, and the courage of an immortal angel."

WHAT THE ELECTION IN MARYLAND DECIDES.—The Baltimore *American* says the election in that State, just held, has decided that Maryland hereafter is to be a free State. The people have decided in favor of a Convention to blot out slavery. The vote for General Goldsborough was the test on the question of speedy emancipation. Baltimore has given a vote nearly unanimous on the question. The imposition of a test oath on every voter whose loyalty was suspected, doubtless kept many from voting.

The Copperhead Press on Bishops Potter and Purcell.

The so-called Democratic papers, since the result of the late election, have turned out so disastrously, appear determined to annihilate Bishops POTTER, of Pennsylvania, and PURCELL, of Cincinnati. The only offense committed by these gentlemen that we are aware of, was the protest of Bishop POTTER and nearly all of his clergy, against the attempt of CHARLES J. BIDDLE and his allies, in the extensive circulation of the abominable letter of Bishop HOPKINS on the bible views of slavery. The original letter of Bishop HOPKINS was dated on the 30th day of July, 1861, and in addition to what the Copperhead committee of Piladelphia published, contain an elaborate defense of the right of the Southern States to secede. Now, Bishop HOPKINS' letter of October, 1863, pretends that he did not know that the South would secede when he wrote his first letter on what kind of a Government they would set up. Why then did he attempt to persuade them to secede by proving they had the right? The course of Bishop HOPKINS has been such that it should call down the condemnation of every intelligent citizen, and doubly so if every right-thinking member of the Christian Commission to which he belongs.

In his October letter, with a tone of injured innocence, the Bishop proceeds to demonstrate, in his way, that such an effort could not have been contemplated by him, seeing that "his letter was first published in January, 1861, more than three months before the war began, at a time when no one could anticipate the form of government which the Southern States would adopt," &c. Now it is pertinent to remember that before the date of that letter, January 30, 1861, *six of the Cotton States had already passed ordinances of secession*. Forts Moultrie, Pinckney, Morgan, Macon, Pulaski, Casswell, Johnson, and Barrancas had been seized and manned by rebels. Had not the war begun? The Bishop yet calls it, in his New York letter, "a peaceable act of secession." And could no one imagine what would be the corner stone of the Government of the States where such acts were transpiring?

This letter of 1861 though quietly published in New York city, and circulated at that time at the South, and perhaps to a limited extent in New York, was never heard of in this section until the Democratic State central committee began to issue their expurgated copy of it. The horrible doctrine it advocated shocked the Christian community generally, and had not Bishop POTTER and his clergy promptly repudiated its teachings, would have done incalculable injury to that Church. But why this onslaught on Bishop POTTER, and extolling to the skies the Bishop of Vermont? He has been a voluminous writer, and hence, until the present letter, has the same Democratic papers shown him any especial favor. Now, however, simply because he outrages the proprieties of ninety-nine one-hundreths of all the Christian sects, he is a special pet of these so-called Democratic organs—and to protest against this new heresy, has called down upon the accomplished Bishop of this Diocese their fiercest invectives.

In like manner the Roman Catholic Bishop of Cincinnati, because he voted against that arch traitor VALLANDIGHAM, he too must be denounced. The sore headed sympathizers with treason, rebuked by the returns of the late elections, are determined to wreak their vengeance upon some body, and no one else seems to offer so readily as these too leading Bishops. They know that their position forbids them from replying, and hence the wholesale denunciation of them by the Democratic press. We think this thing has gone quite far enough, and that common decency require them to desist from further attacks upon these gentlemen.

De Mortuis.

The above words are the two first of the Latin sentence, "*De mortuis nihil nisi bonum.*" Literally translated, the sentence is, "Of the dead nothing but good;" but as usually translated it is, "*Speak* nothing of the dead but good." Its meaning is, that if no good can with truth be spoken of the dead, we ought not to speak of them at all.

An article written with such a maxim for a motto, one would think, would of course tread lightly on the ashes of the dead; but, unfortunately, this is not always the case. It is well known to our readers that on the 13th day of October the two distinguished citizens of Pennsylvania, princes of the tribe of copperheads—WOODWARD and LOWRIE by name—departed this life, politically. Their decease was a melancholy one. It took place in both cases after a long, protracted, painful sickness—a sickness which was the more distressing from the fact that it was accompanied almost from the very first by a violent mental derangement. From the very commencement of this derangement up until the final catastrophe was one scene of continual raving. They talked incessantly of niggers, of God's curse upon Canaan, by which, in their insanity, they asseverated that He doomed the whole race of Ham, in all ages and countries, to perpetual slavery. Every now and then one or other of them would vociferate, with all the earnestness of a madman, that, under the blessing of the Good Being, African slavery was an imcalculable blessing to this country; that human bondage was an ordinance of Heaven, which nobody but malignant fanatics would attempt to disturb or try to alleviate; that bondage was the natural condition of the working classes; that the capitalist had the right to own the laborer, and to chain and manacle him; and that in defense of this right he would be justified in levying war against his Government, as JEFF. DAVIS and the slaveholders are now doing against ours, and in completely overthrowing it. They exhausted themselves, moreover, in babbling about the Constitution, State rights, freedom of speech, freedom of the press, habeas corpus, democracy, and a thousand other things which their disordered imaginations conjured up. At length, however, as we said, on the 13th of October last, death came to their relief, and with a friendly hand, put an end to their suffering and insanity both at once. Under these circumstances one would naturally prefer that nobody would be so heartless as to disturb their repose or drag their frailties from their dread abode. But the inference would be incorrect. Only a few days ago, the *Gazette*, the old Bellicose, under the motto, *de mortuis*, &c., published an article about the two defunct copperheads aforesaid, which, notwithstanding the motto, was unkind, unfeeling, hard-hearted and severe. If our memory is not at fault, the *Gazette* was born about the year 1783, which, according to our cyphering, makes it eighty years old. Now great tenderness of heart is not to be looked for in an octogenarian, but on the contrary, a good deal of obduracy, crabbedness and ill nature. But even in one so aged these qualities may be indulged to such an extent as to demand rebuke. We think they were so indulged by the *Gazette* in its last article upon the ghosts of that pair of distinguished, and much to be lamented, copperhead jurists, and we feel that we would be wanting in our duty as public journalists if we let it pass without rebuke.

Ought so unfeeling an attack upon the corpses of the dead to be tolerated whilst their spirits are yet wandering, restless and disconsolate, among us? Every one is familiar with the ancient and universally accepted doctrine that until the rites of sepulture have been decently performed towards the corpse, the spirit must wander about through the air, homeless, houseless, wretched and miserable. If the *Gazette's* facts are to be trusted, no rite of sepulture has yet been performed in the case in question; the corpses are still above ground, and, consequently, the ghosts are still flitting about in darkness and gloom, amid the lowest and murkiest regions of the atmosphere. Does the *Gazette* suppose that, in their wretchedness, they will not read its article? and does it think that it will add greatly to their misery? If it does we can assure it that it is greatly mistaken. Their cup of grief, which was full before, the Old Bellicose will have made to run over, and its contents, falling down upon the garments of the haggard wanderers, will greatly dispel them.

We feel deeply on this subject, perhaps too deeply, but we cannot help it. The sorrows of these two ghosts, as they wander to and fro in the earth and go up and down in it, without the possibility of finding rest for the soles of their feet, even away down South in Dixie, will come up before our mind's eye in their darkest colors, and we cannot prevent it. Does any body expect us to look on such a scene and not be moved? If any one does he has yet to learn how thoroughly we are imbued with the milk of human kindness.

The *Gazette* alleges that in the last years of their political lives those two gentlemen strayed far away from the right path. We must admit that they were unfortunate—even faulty. But, if they were, they were not the first who were obnoxious to such a charge—and especially not the first among reptileans. History informs us that a long time ago, the chief of that tribe being anxious to have certain services performed, offered to give in return for them all the kingdoms of the world and all the glory of them. The offer was not accepted. But the truth of the matter was, his snakeship, instead of having all the kingdoms of the earth to give, had not one, nor the shadow of one. Is it fair to berate two subordinate princes of the copperheads for following the example of their chief? If they offered to give JEFF. DAVIS all the Northern States and all the glory thereof, if he would send LEE and BRAGG, with their armies, North to help them to carry the fall elections, whilst in fact they had not a single Northern State to give, what did they do more than their illustrious forefather did? And why should they be blamed for maintaining the ancient honor of their family? It is true they were not as fortunate as their prototype was. His offer was rejected, while theirs was accepted, by which their deceit was discovered, and they were rendered liable to an action for damages on the part of JEFF. if ever they should stray into his bailiwick. This, of itself, is a serious matter, for JEFF'S. damages will be nothing less than the full tale of the lives and prestige—which he lost on the occasion in the northern parts of Virginia and Georgia. But what is still worse is, they forfeited JEFF'S confidence and friendship, things which above all others, they could not afford to lose. This was certainly a deplorable condition for Fortune to leave our copperhead worthies in, but against that fickle dame what can even the most wriggling of reptiles do when she has once fully turned her back upon him?

Now that those two copperheads are defunct, the *Gazette* is anxious to know whether they will not vacate their places on the bench. A number of years ago, when the Judges were appointed by the Governor, a Judge of the Supreme Court became very sick and seemed as if he was not going to live. Thereupon several ambitious lawyers got up applications to be appointed in his place. This coming to the Judge's ears, he sent them word that they need not be in a hurry; he would see them damned before he would die. We would not be surprised if our copperheads should give the *Gazette* an answer to its questions crouched in equally nervous Anglo Saxon.

The *Gazette* expresses a doubt that the State may be in danger of falling under bad laws if those two worthies remain on the bench. We think there is no danger of such a thing happening. We admit that dead bodies have a tendency to corruption, and are very apt to pollute the atmosphere around them; we admit that when a dead snake begins to putrefy and become corrupt, its odor is of all things in the world the most offensive; we admit that this quality increases in proportion as the reptile is venomous; and we admit that in the copperhead it reaches its climax. But all inconvenience and risk from things of this kind can be avoided by keeping well to the windward of them. Why should not the remedy, or rather the preventative, be as effective for the State as for individuals?

We say to the *Gazette*, Be not afraid; bear in mind the scriptural injunction, Let the dead bury their dead. Have the copperheads, for the last five months, been obeying this injunction with laudable zeal? Have they not been burying one another with satisfactory success? Are they not still doing so? If they keep the hearse agoing for the next few months as they have been doing for the last few, will they not all be fairly under ground? We think so, and so will the *Gazette* if it will only look at the matter dispassionately. In fine we say to the *Gazette* keep your temper. Do not suffer yourself to be betrayed into even apparent harshness. You will not have long to wait. The chill November's surly blasts are upon us; and before they have blown over, the copperheads with all their kindred, will have been drawn to their dens never again to crawl out of them.

Border State Politics.

The States of Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, and Missouri, are exempted from the emancipation proclamation of President LINCOLN. So far as laws and proclamations are concerned, these States retain their slaves as of old. To get the support of these six States has been the specialty of the so-called Democratic politicians of the North. Their platform and their policy has especially been to conciliate these Border States.

How have they succeeded? Look first to Missouri, the only contest has been between the Radicals who with slavery instantly and forever abolished, and the conservatives who only ask a system of gradualism like that adopted by Pennsylvania.

The returns of the late elections show the Radicals to be dominant over the combined vote of the conservatives and all stripes of sympathizers with secession. In fact Missouri to-day, is more Radical than Pennsylvania.

The same is practically true of "My Maryland," which the bayonets of the Union troops alone, kept from joining secession. The Union emancipation candidate for Comptroller, has some 25,000 majority—and four of the five candidates for Congress, are unconditional Union. The contest was fought on her own soil, and Maryland is true to the stars and stripes, In little Delaware, CHARLES BROWN, of tinder box notoriety, leads the secession Democracy in the contest for Congress.

But Mr. BROWN, broken down in Pennsylvania, is not going to be any more lucky in Delaware. We have no doubt that the Union emancipation candidate will triumph by a decided majority. In West Virginia they only appear to have had one set of candidates—all the successful candidates for State and national offices, are Unconditional Union.

In Tennessee no elections have been, or are likely to be held for some time; but Gov. JOHNSON and most of the loyal men of that State, appear to be openly on the side of freedom and against slavery. The only apparent exception is in Kentucky. The Union party swept the State by a very large vote in last August. Since that time the successful candidates have been exhibiting about as much sympathy with human slavery as passes current among Northern Copperheads. In fact if Copperheadism had not gotten so dreadful an overthrow at the polls, this was to have been the platform upon which a part of Kentucky Unionists, JEFF. DAVIS traitors, and Northern Copperheads were all to have stood in the Presidential campaign of 1864.

Another wing of Unionism in Kentucky is in favor of the eradication of slavery from the State, and of course, goes in to sustain President LINCOLN without any ifs or buts. We have no doubt that by the time of another annual election, that the Union party will come to a platform common to the other border States. Slavery in these States, though not touched by the President's proclamation, is practically ended. They themselves will soon find it out. Unionism in Kentucky will soon come to mean the same thing it does all over the country. No political party has ever made so egregrious a blunder, as did the leaders of the Northern Copperheads. They risked everything to conciliate the governing classes in the Border States. But these States themselves have repudiated all such proffered friendship. The Northern Democracy now find themselves doomed, by the very States for whose conciliation the whole platform was erected.

WE understand that Gov. Curtin has conferred the appointment of Quartermaster General of Pennsylvania, made vacant by the late incumbent, Gen. Reuben C. Hale, upon James Reynolds, Esq., of Lancaster county. Mr. Reynolds occupied a prominent position in the Democratic party until the treacheries of Mr. Buchanan, when he discarded that organization, and has since been actively co-operating with the friends of the Government. The brave and never-to-be-forgotten General John F. Reynolds was a brother of the new Quartermaster General. What renders this prompt action of the Governor more honorable, after his triumphant election, is the marked manner in which he recognizes the loyal Democratic element, which contributed so effectively to the success of the Governor on the 13th of last month.—*Phila. Press.*

THE poorer classes of women in England, as late as the beginning of the present century, were employed in many towns in carrying bricks and mortar on their heads to the masons at work, on even the highest buildings. Women stripped from shoulder to loins may even now be seen picking up lumps of coal from the Tyne mud, when the water is low, much to the offence of strangers, if not to the people of Newcastle.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. W. F. FUNDENBERG,

Has resumed the practice of his Profession, at
No. 142 Penn street,
oc29:1m two doors below Pitt street.

Editor of Commercial:

DEAR SIR,—With your permission I wish to say to the readers of your paper that I will send by return mail, to all who wish it (free), a Recipe, with full directions for making and using a simple Vegetable Balm, that will effectually remove, in ten days, Pimples, Blotches, Tan, Freckles, and all Impurities of the Skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.

I will also mail free to those having Bald Heads, or Bare Faces, simple directions and information that will enable them to start a full growth of Luxuriant Hair, Whiskers, or a Moustache, in less than thirty days.

All applications answered by return mail without charge.

Respectfully yours,
THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
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NOW IS YOUR CHANCE.—In accordance with a Circular from the War Department, of the Provost Marshal General's office, Washington, D. C., a bounty and premium of three hundred and two dollars is offered to each recruit. And for those who have been in the U. S. service not less than nine months $402. $75 of which will be paid on being mustered into the service.

Those who wish to benefit by this chance, will do well by calling at No. 76 FIFTH street, third story.

L. B. RICHARD,
1st Lieutenant and Recruiting Officer.
no7:1m-e-o-d

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

The Order of the Day—The King of Druggists—School of Design for Women—Our Defences—A Gale—Riot Among the Miners—Salaries of School Teachers.

Special Correspondence of the Commercial.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 7, 1863.

It really seems as if changes were to be the order of the day, just now. The erection of costly buildings, both public and private, the opening of magnificently furnished stores and warehouses, causes one to look about in astonishment. The days of Aladdin's lamp must have been restored to us, judging by the fortunes that seem to be spent by each individual's striving to out do his fellow. Look at the recent changes on Chestnut street, in this city, and on Broadway in New York. It would fill columns, for instance, to produce entire the descriptions which the New York daily papers have lately been giving of Helmbold's magnificent drug store, just completed on Broadway, adjoining the Metropolitan Hotel. Neither London or Paris, if we are to believe the leading daily journals, have anything to approach it. Why, only think of it, $30,000 spent in fitting up one establishment—in fitting it up remember! If any body ever doubted the virtues of Helmbold's Buchu or Sarsaparilla before, I must argue with them now, that any man who can make a square stand before the world for twenty years, and be supported by the public in such a princely manner must have truth and honesty on his side. Great is Buchu! but greater is Helmbold, say I. I refer to this great depot of Helmbold's, at New York, because of its grandeur and size. He has another on South Tenth street here, where he has been so long, and which he will, of course, continue. We have no objections to the Doctor's opening a dozen depots in other cities, but he must not forsake, in his success, the friends of olden times.

The managers of the Pennsylvania School of Design for Women have been making a purchase of a fine lot of ground on Filbert street, west of Penn Square, upon which they propose to erect a building which will be better adapted to their wants than the one so long occupied by the Institution on Chestnut street, below Broad. The School of Design for women is of a purely philanthropic character, and has become of late years an important adjunct to the various associations, etc., which have, first and last, had for their chief object the elevation of womankind. Its existence has been maintained by donations, subscriptions, and an occasional legacy, I believe, almost entirely; and Elliott Cresson, a well-known Philadelphian, left ten thousand dollars to be devoted to the furtherance of its objects. Of course those who partake of the benefits of this institution are those who are more or less dependent upon their own labor for a livelihood. The arrangement of the new building will be something as follows:

The first floor will be devoted to exceptional drawing class and oil painting; the second to elementary instruction, with second class room and a lecture-room; the third, drawing from the casts; fourth story, designing and wood engraving. There will be connected with it a library and museum of art. The managers intend soon to secure the best duplicate copies of examples of art in Europe. They look forward to the time when each county normal school will have a system resembling this one. Two sets of casts have been ordered from the British Department of Science and Art. The following are the names of the directors: Managers—R. F. Warner, Jas. Claghorn, David S. Brown, Joseph Jeans, William J. Horstman, Eli K. Price, Chas. Gibbons, William Sellers.

Yesterday afternoon about one o'clock a regular young whirlwind broke loose in our midst, and for a time it really appeared as if much damage might be done by it. So far as I have ascertained, however, no very serious damage occurred beyond the general destruction of awnings, barbers' poles, signs, and some venerable trees in the squares. The dust, however, was indescribable, as the lack of rain for some days left the streets in a proper condition to get large clouds directly. Since writing the above I learn that a temporary depot of the Pennsylvania road was badly damaged by the gale. Nobody hurt.

I telegraphed you yesterday that there was much excitement among the coal dealers and others in this city in consequence of rumors, more or less startling, respecting a miners' riot in the vicinity of Mauch Chunk. A despatch was received about noon, dated from Summit Station, stating that Mr. Geo. K. Smith, of the firm of Hull, Collins & Co., had been shot dead, and Mr. Ulrick, storekeeper of the firm's mines, seriously wounded. Inquiry was made at the office of railroad and coal companies, but nothing definite as to the character of the riot could be obtained. The telegraphic wires between Mauch Chunk and Easton had been destroyed, so that no intelligence by that route could be obtained. It is known, however, that for about two weeks past there have been three or four military companies about Yorktown, which is the location of the mines of Messrs. Hall, Collins & Co., who have been assisting the provost marshal in the enforcement of the draft and arrest of deserters. Last week a seizure of arms had been made in many of the dwellings of the miners, and arrests made where they were deemed necessary for maintaining the public peace. The miners had associated together under the name of "The Buckshots," and were fully prepared to resist the enforcement of the draft. The present riot is not in the nature of a "strike," as others in that region generally have been, but essentially a disloyal outbreak, similar in its character to the riots which disgraced New York city in July last. The demonstration is said to have commenced at the Spring Mountain Mines near Jeansville, and had extended many miles around. It is reported that the rioters had killed five men, and it is hoped that by this time a sufficient military force has arrived and quelled the mob. Gov. Curtin was promptly informed of the matter, and will, no doubt, as promptly respond. This riot will undoubtedly be seized upon as a new excuse for a further advance in the price of coal. It will have a bearing on the value of coal stocks, and the brokers will use it to advantage, and many will again congratulate themselves that it is an ill wind which blows no one good. It can have only a temporary effect, for before this reaches you I feel certain measures will have been taken to effectually disorganize any attempt at combination to resist the lawful authorities.

We don't intend to let the rebel rams or any body else's rams come up the Delaware, unless they make the attempt pretty soon. The construction of a ten gun battery is now progressing rapidly in a locality not far from Wilmington. It will have a perfect bearing on the main channel of the river at that point, and be constructed according to the best known principles of defense. One or two more, it is expected, will be constructed at other points, perhaps one on the Jersey shore.

The salaries of our Public School teachers are to be raised; the bill passed by Councils providing for such increase having been duly signed by the Mayor. This is exactly as it should be, for teachers, as a general thing, have not been paid in proportion with other professions. Our Board of Controllers expended for salaries last year, $336,270 16, yet, this sum was inadequate for the purpose. A man or woman eminently fitted for the responsible position of teacher, ought not be asked to perform such service for a less sum than they could obtain in any other profession for which they would be well adapted by their education, nevertheless this has hitherto been the case. This has often resulted in the employment of incompetents to fill positions for which they were unfitted. Teachers in this city have generally been sought after by outsiders, and yet they never received while here as much as they could obtain in almost any other place. The new bill proposes to increase *all* salaries, at the option of the Board of Controllers, while those under $300 per annum are to be increased at the rate of fifty per cent.

Iron City College.

HON. WILSON. M'CANDLESS,
Judge of the U. S. Circuit Court, President.
Cor. PENN and ST. CLAIR streets, Pittsburgh.

THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST. $35 pays for a full Commercial course.

No extra charges for Manufacturers, Steamboat, Railroad and Bank Book-Keeping.

Ministers' sons at half price. Students enter and review at any time.

This Institution is conducted by experienced Teachers and practical Accountants, who prepare young men for active business at the least expense and shortest time, for the most lucrative and responsible situations. Diplomas granted for merit only. Hence the universal preference for graduates of this College, by business men.

Professor A. Cowley, the best penman or the Union, who holds the largest number of Premiums, and over all competitors, teaches Rapid Business Writing.

For specimens of Penmanship and Catalogue containing full information, inclose twenty-five cents to JENKINS & SMITH, Pittsburgh.

☞ Attend where the sons and clerks of bankers and business men graduate. se9

AT BARKER'S,

No. 59 Market Street.

NEW SILKS
At 75c, 87c, and $1. Very cheap.

NEW SHAWLS
Of every kind, very low.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS!
Cheapest in this city.

DRESS GOODS,
All prices, from 18¾c. to 50c. per yard.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Will find the present a good opportunity for buying.

VIERHELLER'S
OYSTER DEPOT.

Select Family Oysters received daily, wholesale and retail.

NOS. 71 AND 73 FIFTH ST.,
Under Miner's Bookstore.
oct30 H. VIERHELLER.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

We have this day associated with us, in the GLASS business, A. U. HOWARD.
JOHN A. WOLFE,
T. CAMPBELL.
Pittsburgh, Nov. 2, 1863. no3:2w

FRANK J. BUCHARD.

No. 169 Smithfield street.

. All kinds of
Second-Hand Furniture, Bedding, etc.
BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED.
no3:3m

STORE TO LET, in Allegheny, on FEDERAL street, above the Market House. Inquire at the St. Lawrence Hotel.
no3:1m JAMES McDONALD.

KREBS & BRO.,

LITHOGRAPHERS AND PRINTERS,
Corner Wood and Fifth streets,
PITTSBURGH.

Bonds, Certificates of Stock and Deposit; Bank Drafts and Checks executed in the highest style of the art. Orders by mail promptly attended to. se2:3m

MALTA HOUSE.

JOHN HEINREICHS, Proprietor,
Federal street, Allegheny.

Has again opened his house, where he will furnish Oysters in every style. Oysters for sale by the can or dozen. oc19:tf-e-o-d

E. B. MATTHEWS.

MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

BROOMS.

BROOM BRUSH AND BROOM FINDINGS, TIN PLATED WIRE, TWINE, &c.
Factory: No. 120 Third street,
(Rear St. Charles Hotel.)
PITTTBURGH, PA.
☞ Highest price paid for BROOM CORN.
oc29:3m-e-o-d

THE FAIRY SEWING MACHINE,

For Mrs. Chas. S. Stratton, (Mrs. General Tom Thumb,)
MANUFACTURED BY
WHEELER & WILSON
Sewing Machine Co.,
Office: 27 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

This LILLIPUTIAN SEWING MACHINE which attracted so much attention at the late Fair at the American Institute, is richly gilt, plated, and pearled. The balance-wheel, hand-wheel, shafts, etc., are heavily plated. Though of *petite* dimensions, the Machine is suited to practical work, and is furnished with drawers and all the appliances ordinarily sent with the Machine.

The body of the case is 20 inches high and 15 inches deep, made of richly-carved rose-wood, inlaid with elaborate and beautiful arabesques in pearl and gold, and lined with satinwood. The panels are painted with tasteful devices.

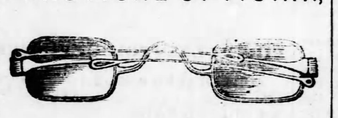
Cupid and Psyche smile upon you from the cover; rosy little Cherubs with dimpled chins and wings outspread—as the old masters loved to paint them—hover on the sides; the little bride herself, attired as the "Goddess of Liberty," is faithfully portrayed on one panel, and General Tom Thumb, as 'Young America,' is gorgeous on another; while a mimic representation of the little bridal party, with their attendants, and their flowing white bridal garments, gives significance to the whole.

Messrs. WHEELER & WILSON carried off their accustomed honors at the Fair; the
HIGHEST PREMIUM
for the best
DOUBLE-THREADED SEWING MACHINE; BEING THE MOST PERFECT AND SIMPLE IN ITS CONSTRUCTION and WORKING POINTS.

Also, for their Button and Eyelit Hole Machine; for novelty and the perfection of its work; Diploma for a beautiful specimen of Machine Braid work, and a Silver Medal for FOOTE'S
Patent Umbrella Lock Stand.
oc29 *Illustrated News, Oct. 24.*

GEORGE E. SHAW.

PRACTICAL OPTICIAN,



AND MANUFACTURER OF

PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENTS,

CARBON OIL HYDROMETER,

DISTILLER'S THERMOMETERS,

SACCHAROMETERS, &c

IMPORTER OF

FINE FIELD GLASSES,

TELESCOPES, &c.

ARTIFICIAL HUMAN EYES

MADE TO FIT AND WARRANTED TO SUIT.

No. 58 FIFTH STREET,

Next door to Adams' Express Office.

JUST RECEIVED—

A fresh supply of
DR. HUMPHREY'S
HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS.

Also, a large and well selected stock of

FINE PERFUMERY,

POMADES, HAIR OIL,

COMBS, HAIR AND TOOTH BRUSHES.

A well selected stock of

Patent or Family Medicines,

FINE CIGARS, CHOICE BRANDS,

Phalon's New Perfume—Night-blooming Cereus—a most fragrant perfume.

And all other popular Perfumes, at

FULTON'S DRUG STORE,
no5 FIFTH STREET.

BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Nov. 3, 1863.

THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR per cent., on its capital stock, out of the profits of the last six months, which will be payable to stockholders or their legal representatives, free of Government tax, on or after the 13th inst.
no4 JOHN HARPER, Cashier.

MECHANICS' BANK,
Pittsburgh, November 3, 1863.

THE MECHANICS' BANK has this day declared a dividend of FOUR per cent. out of the profits of the last six months, payable to stockholders, on or after the 13th inst., free of Government tax.
no4:10t G. D. McGREW, Cashier.

ALLEGHENY BANK, Nov. 3, 1863.

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR per cent., on the capital stock, payable to the stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the 13th inst., free of Government tax.
no4:td J. W. COOK, Cashier.

MERCHANTS' AND MANUFACTURERS' BANK,
Pittsburgh, November 3, 1863.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FOUR per cent, on the capital stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable on or after the 13th inst., free of all taxes.
no4 JOHN SCOTT, Jr., Cashier.

PITTSBURGH, November 3, 1863.

THE DIRECTORS of the EXCHANGE BANK, of Pittsburgh, have this day declared a dividend of FIVE per cent., out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on or after the 13th inst., clear of United States tax.
no4:2w H. M. MURRAY, Cashier.

CITIZENS' BANK, Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1863.

THE DIRECTORS of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE per cent. (5-100) on the capital stock, payable to stockholders, or their legal representatives, on or after the 13th inst. The Government tax on same will be paid by the Bank.
no4 GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

OFFICE WESTERN INSURANCE CO.,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 3, 1863.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of TWO AND A HALF DOLLARS upon each share of the capital stock, out of the earned profits of the last six months, payable to stock holders on or after the 13th inst.
no4:td F. M. GORDON, Secretary.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
LATE PITTSBURGH TRUST COMPANY,
Pittsburgh, Nov. 2, 1863.

THE PRESIDENT AND BOARD OF DIRECTORS have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR and TWENTY-FIVE CENTS per share on the stock of the Pittsburgh Trust Company to the 1st of August, and TWO DOLLARS per share on the capital stock of the First National Bank out of the profits to the 1st inst., payable on or after Tuesday, the 10th inst.

The stockholders are hereby notified that the final payment of the subscription to the capital stock, viz: twenty-five dollars per share, will be required on or before the first day of May next.
no4 JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier.

GROVER & BAKER'S
PREMIUM SEWING MACHINES.
THE ONLY GOLD MEDAL

Ever Awarded to Sewing Machines in Illinois.

These Machines were awarded the Highest Premiums, *over all competitors*, for the *Best Family Sewing Machine*, the *Best Manufacturing Machines*, and the *Best Machine Work*, at the following STATE FAIRS, of 1863:

New York State Fair,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for double-thread machine.
First Premium for machine work.

Vermont State Fair,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for machine work.

Iowa State Fair,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for machine work.

Michigan State Fair,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for machine work.

Indiana State Fair,
First Premium for machine for all purposes.
First Premium for machine work.

Illinois State Fair,
First Premium for machine for all purposes.
First Premium for machine work.

Kentucky State Fair,
First Premium for machine for all purposes.
First Premium for machine work.

Pennsylvania State Fair,
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for beautiful machine work.

Ohio State Fair,
First Premium for machine work.

And the following County Fairs:

Chittenden Co. (Vt.) Agricultural Society,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for machine work.

Chaplain Valley (Vt.) Agricultural Society,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.
First Premium for machine work.

Hampden Co. (Mass.) Agricultural Society,
Diploma for family machine.
Diploma for machine work.

Franklin Co. (N. Y.) Fair,
First Premium for family machine.
First Premium for manufacturing machine.

Queen's Co. (N. Y.) Agricultural Society,
First Premium for family machine.

Washington Co. (N. Y.) Fair,
First Premium for family machine.

Saratoga Co. (N. Y.) Fair,
First Premium for family machine.

Mechanic's Institute (Pa.) Fair,
First Premium for machine for all purposes.
First Premium for machine work.

The above comprises all the Fairs at which the GROVER & BAKER MACHINES were exhibited this year. At nearly all of them the leading Sewing Machines were in competition.

The work made upon the Grover & Baker Sewing Machine has received the First Premium at every State Fair in the United States where it has been exhibited to this date.

Sales Rooms, No. 18 FIFTH street, Pittsburgh.
oc23:3mW&S:d-o&w] A. F. CHATONEY, Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA, SS:

In the name and by the authority of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, ANDREW G. CURTIN, *Governor of the said Commonwealth.*

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, The President of the United States, by Proclamation, bearing date on the Seventeenth day of Oct. inst., has called for THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND VOLUNTEERS, to recruit the regiments now in the field from the respective States; *And whereas,* By information received this day, the quota of the State of Pennsylvania under said call is declared to be THIRTY-EIGHT THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED AND SIXTY-EIGHT MEN, (38,268;) *And whereas:* The President, in his said Proclamation, requests the Governors of the respective States to assist in raising the force thus required:

Now, Therefore, I, ANDREW G. CURTIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do earnestly call on the good and loyal freemen of the Commonwealth, to enlist in the service of the United States, under the Proclamation aforesaid, so that the required quota may be made up before the Fifth day of January next, on which day the President announces that a draft will commence for any deficiency that may then exist in the same.

The freemen of Pennsylvania enlisting under this call will be attached to regiments from this State. All who are willing to enlist are requested to present themselves at once, for that purpose, to the United States Provost Marshals, recruiting and mustering offices, in the respective cities, towns and counties. They will receive the following sums as allowance, pay, premium and bounty, viz:

To every recruit who is a *veteran volunteer*, as defined in General Orders of the War Department of June 25, 1863, No. 191, for recruiting *veteran volunteers*, one month's pay in advance, and a bounty and premium amounting to $402. To all other recruits, not veterans, accepted and enlisted as required in existing Orders, one month's pay in advance, and in addition a bounty and premium amounting to $302.

Any further information desired can be obtained from the Provost Marshals of the respective districts.

In making this appeal to the good and loyal freemen of Pennsylvania, I feel entire confidence that it will be cheerfully responded to. The approaching expiration of the term of enlistment of the men now in the field renders it necessary to replenish our regiments. Let us maintain the glory which their valor and conduct have reflected on the Commonwealth, and let our people show, by their promptness and alacrity on this occasion, that they have not abated in courage or love of country, or in the determination that the unholy rebellion, already stunned and staggering, shall be utterly crushed and extinguished.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at Harrisburg, this twenty-eighth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and of the Commonwealth the eighty-eighth.

L. S.

By the Governor:
A. G. CURTIN.
ELI SLIFER, Secretary of the Comm

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.—

Lessee and Manager.....WM. HENDERSON.
Treasurer.....H. OVERINGTON.

Re-engagement for six nights of the popular artiste,

Miss CHARLOTTE THOMPSON,

who will appear in the new character, written expressly for her, entitled Donna Inez.

THIS EVENING will be presented the entirely new and original play in five acts, entitled CLOUDS WITH SILVER LININGS.

Dona Inez.....Miss Charlotte Thompson.
Conrad.....C. Loveday.
Ferdinand.....F. Chippendale.
Diego.....J. Garrison.

OVERTURE, by the.....Orchestra.

To conclude with THE LOTTERY TICKET.

Wormwood.....J. O. Sefton.
Susan.....Annie Ward.

SIGEL CONCERT HALL,

No. 47 Fifth street, opposite the Theatre.

Theatrical performances every EVENING, with Declamations, Solos, Duetts, and Terzetts out of the latest Farces and Operas, by

Mad. MUELLER,
Mr. MERBITZ, and
Mr. GOLDSCHMIDT.

Admission FREE. In rehearsal JOHN and HANNE. WM. RUECKEISEN.
oc30tf Proprietor.

MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS BANK, Pittsburgh, October 15, 1863.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS will be held at the banking house on MONDAY, the 16th day of November next, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, the 3d day of November, at 10 o'clock, A. M. JOHN SCOTT, Jr.,
oc16:1m Cashier.

ALLEGHENY BANK, October 14th, 1863.

AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking house on the 16th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M., and 2 o'clock, P. M.

The Annual Meeting of the stockholders will be held on the 3d day of November next, at 12 o'clock, M. J. W. COOK,
oc15:1m Cashier.

EXCHANGE BANK, OF PITTSBURGH, October 14, 1863.

THE ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking house on MONDAY, November 15th, 1863, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M.

The annual meeting of Stockholders will take place on TUESDAY, November 24, at 11 o'clock, A. M. H. M. MURRAY.
oc15:1m

CITIZENS BANK, Pittsburgh, Oct. 15th, 1863.

AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN DIRECTORS of this Bank will be held at the banking house on MONDAY, November 16th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

The regular Annual Meeting of Stockholders will be held on TUESDAY, November 30, at 11 o'clock, A. M. GEO. T. VAN DOREN,
oc17:1m Secretary.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The Stock Transfer Books of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company will be closed on the SECOND (2d) DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT, and so remain until after the annual meeting of Stockholders in December next, for the election of Directors of said Company for the coming year.

W. O. HUGHART,
oc29 Secretary and Treasurer.

MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.—The Stockholders of the ADVENTURE MINING COMPANY, of Michigan, are hereby notified that a meeting of Stockholders will take place on TUESDAY, the 10th day of November next, at 3 o'clock, P. M., at the office of the Company, in the city of Pittsburgh, for the purpose of considering the propriety of reorganizing under the General Mining Laws of Michigan, with 20,000 shares—and for such other business pertaining to the affairs of the Company as may properly come before the meeting. Stockholders who may not be able to attend, are requested to send their proxies, so that they may be represented at said meeting.

By order of Directors.

JAMES M. COOPER,
Secretary of Adventure Mining Company, of Michigan. oc17:td

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—A SPECIAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Pittsburgh, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on THURSDAY, the 12th day of November, A. D. 1863, for the purpose of considering the following named Acts and Supplements, passed by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, at its last session, to wit: "An act to repeal the ninth section of an act authorizing the laying out of a State Road from the borough of Orwigsburg, Schuylkill county, to intersect a public road leading from Easton to Manch Chunk, and for other purposes," approved the 1st day of April, A. D. 1863. "A supplement to an act to incorporate the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company," approved the 11th day of April, A. D. 1863. Also, "A supplement to an act to incorporate the Safe Harbor and Susquehanna Turnpike Road Company," *et cetera*, approved the 11th day of April, A. D. 1863. THOS. S. BLAIR,
CYRUS P. MARKLE,
JOHN A. CAUGHEY,
R. MARSTON,
W. W. TAYLOR,
A. MILLAR,
H. BURGWIN,
JOHN S. DILWORTH,
DANL. R. DAVIDSON,
W. S. HAVEN,
Directors of the Pittsb'gh & Conn. R. R. Co.
Pittsburgh, Oct. 27th, 1863. oc28tf

DECKER'S PIANOS.—In speaking of Carl Anshutz's Concerts, in New York, the editor of the *Musical Review and World* makes the following remarks:

"The instruments used on this occasion were of a comparatively new firm, of the name of DECKER & BROTHERS, and gave very gratifying evidence of excellent workmanship, and powerful and brilliant tone. Decker's Pianos are undoubtedly the best manufactured now in this country."

Sole Agents for Pittsburgh,

J. M. HOFFMAN & BRO.,
oc31 No. 51 Fifth street.

NEW GOODS.

We have now in store a complete stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

Most of which were purchased before the late advance in price, and will be sold at low rates. Cloak Ornaments, guipure laces, braids and bindings, lace collars, linen collars, breakfast sets in new styles, linen handkerchiefs. Old goods at old prices: silk and cashmere neck scarfs, ribbons, flowers, feathers and ruches; felt hats, beaver hats, silk hats, head dress and head wobs, in every style; bonnet velvets, bonnet silks, skating caps, hoods, Zouave jackets, breakfast capes, sontags, balmoral skirts, entirely new styles; sly quaker and other new hoop skirts; French and American corsets, balmoral stockings, Boston, ribbed, Shaker, knit and other kinds, for fall and winter. Gloves in every size and quality; good pair kid gloves, in dark colors and plain black, for $1.10; good white kid gloves for $1.00. Men's Shetland wool shirts and drawers; real Scotch and a full line of other Undergarments and Furnishing Goods for men women and children.

Wholesale Rooms up Stairs.

Buyers from Country or City dealers, will find our stock, at all times well assorted, and prices as low as any other house.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
oc31 Nos. 77 and 79 MARKET street.

T. F. WATSON

PRACTICAL CEMENTER

AND

MASTIC WORKER,

Is prepared to cement the exterior of buildings, with the New York improved Mastic Cement. This material differs from all other Cements. It forms a solid, durable adhesiveness to any surface, and makes a beautiful fine finish equal to stone. Among others for whom I have applied the Mastic Cement, I refer to the following gentlemen:

James McCandless, residence Western avenue, Allegheny, finished five years. T. Bissell, residence Penn st., Pittsburgh, finished five years. J. H. Shoenberger, residence Lawrenceville, finished five years. A. Hoeveler, residence Lawrenceville, finished four years. St. Charles Hotel and Girard House, Pittsburgh, finished five years. Kittanning Court House and Bank, for Barr & Moser, architects, Pittsburgh.

Address T. F. WATSON,
se9 Postoffice box 1306, Pittsburgh

I HAVE THIS DAY SOLD MY ENTIRE stock of

SHIP CHANDLERY AND BOAT STORES

TO

RENO, MARATTA & Co.

Who will continue the business at the

OLD STAND,

No. 47 Front street.

To those of my friends who have patronized me during the last fifteen years, while connected with the firm of ISHAM & FISHER, ISHAM, FISHER & Co. and JOHN G. ISHAM, I return my thanks, and solicit a continuance of the patronage to my successors, Messrs. RENO, MARATTA & CO., cheerfully recommending them as being every way worthy of it.

My office will remain for the present with Messrs. RENO, MARATTA & Co., where I hope to have the pleasure of seeing my customers and friends. JNO. G. ISHAM.

Cincinnati, October 19, 1863.

HAVING purchased the stock of Jno. G. Isham, and succeeded in the firms of Isham & Fisher, Isham, Fisher & Co. and John G. Isham, in the SHIP CHANDLERY AND BOAT STORE business, we hope to merit a continuance of the very liberal patronage bestowed upon them.

JOHN C. RENO,
FRANK MARATTA,
FRANK X. RENO,
No. 47 Public Landing.
Cincinnati, October 19, 1863. oc24:tf

MACKEREL—Large and medium, Nos. 1, 2 and 3; for sale by
oc1 MILLER & RICKETSON

CALL at A. BATES', 21 Fifth street, of Sacques, Circulars, Scarlet and Blue Opera Goods. se26

BABBITT'S NEW YORK SOAP.—Genuine Womans' Friend Soap, 50 boxes of each, in store, and for sale by
oc1 MILLER & RICKETSON.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Dangerously Ill.—We regret to learn that R. E. M'Gowan, formerly Recording Regulator, of this city, is now lying dangerously ill at his residence at Pennstadt.

Illegal Enlistment of Minors—The suspension of the *habeas corpus* has been so qualified, by consent of the President, that hereafter the civil courts will be allowed to take cognizance of all cases for the discharge of minors improperly enlisted and illegally detained by the military authorities.

Boat Club Organized.—Some twenty amateur oarsmen of this city on Saturday night organized a boat club, to be known as the Jackson Club. There are several good oarsmen in the club, and although their organization is made somewhat late in the season, they intend to be prepared for next years' aquatic sports.

Promoted.—We learn with pleasure that Captain George S. Gallope, of the Eighth Pennsylvania Reserves, has been promoted to the position of Major of that veteran regiment. Capt. Gallope, by his bravery in the field and the discipline he enjoined in camp, has well earned his promotion, and we are glad to record it.

Gen. Herron.—The friends of Major General Herron will be pleased to learn that his leave of absence has been extended twenty days. He was on his way to join his command, and reached St. Louis where he received notice that his furlough had been extended. He has not yet fully recovered his health, although his condition has been much improved.

Nearing the City.—The wires of the Inland Telegraph Company are rapidly approaching the city, and it is thought that by Monday next they will be in operation between this place and Harrisburg. The company have leased the building, corner of Fifth and Smithfield streets, formerly known as the *True Press* building, and will commence business as soon as possible.

Soldiers Passing Through.—Between three and four hundred soldiers, from Camps Parole and Convalescent, arrived in the city on Saturday en route for the Army of the Cumberland. They belong to the Ninth, Eleventh and Twelfth corps. Some of them belong to the 46th regiment, and were enlisted in this city. They left for the west on Sunday morning.

The Philomathean Society.—At the regular meeting of the Philomathean Literary Society of the Western University, held Friday, November 6th, the following officers were elected for the ensuing term: President—R. H. Brown; Vice President—H. M. Howe; Secretary—George J. Whitney; Treasurer—James W. Dihm; Librarian—Matthew Preston; Marshal—Thomas Oldshue; Critics—J. H. Brown, Blackburn and D. Sanders.

New Church at Corry City.—At a meeting of the citizens of Corry Borough, held at the Boston Hotel, Oct. 27th, it was resolved to commence the erection of a Baptist Church at once. Twelve hundred dollars was subscribed, and enough more has been pledged by responsible parties to complete the building. A full board of Trustees were elected and other business arranged with the view of beginning the work immediately. Although the Baptist Society is to have control of the building, it is to be occupied by other denominations when not in use by this society.

Direct to New York.—The Cleveland *Herald*, of Friday, says: "This morning at 4:40, the first freight train from this city through to New York without transhipment or break of gauge, leaves by Atlantic and Great Western railway. The train is drawn by a broad gauge engine, and consists of ten broad gauge cars. It will go through without delay or unloading, and will be delivered in New York in fine condition and in quicker time than has ever been possible heretofore." On the 17th instant an excursion train will be despatched by this route from New York to Cleveland.

Pittsburghers Absent.—Among the arrivals at Philadelphia hotels on Thursday, were the following Pittsburghers: Mrs. Dr. Denny, Miss Denny, John S. Dilworth, J. M. Cooper, W. Thaw, J. Lockhart, J. Brown, Jr., J. Kirkpatrick, A. D. Smith, D. G. Caldwell, W. E. Watt, H. G. Thompson.

On Friday the following Pittsburghers were registered at Philadelphia hotels: M. Connelly, W. M. Connelly, W. W. Ward, W. France, J. Woodruff, Thos. Seabrook, M. R. Moorhead, Miss Shipp, B. Preston, Miss Grier, W. Holmes, N. Holmes.

Enlisted for Three Years.—We understand that the six months' cavalry regiment organized in this city, and of which R. C. Dale, of Allegheny, is Lieutenant Colonel, and F. C. Negley, of this city, is Major, have enlisted for three years almost unanimously. A large number of them were drafted, and they will receive six months credit on their enlistment. They are now stationed at Uniontown, where Gen. Brooks reviewed them one day last week. Gen. Brooks was so pleased with their soldierly appearance and perfection in drill, that he took occasion to publicly compliment both officers and men. If it be true that the regiment has re-enlisted, it will reduce our quota several hundred.

Grape Growers' Association.—The grape growers of Northern Ohio have organized an association, to be known as the "Islands and Mainland Grape Growers' Association." The officers of this new organization are: President, Geo. Huntington, of Kelley's Island; Corresponding Secretary, L. H. Latham, Sandusky; Recording Secretary, John McKelvey, Sandusky; Treasurer, John J. Finch, Sandusky. A similar institution might be organized here with profit to its members. An association of the grape growers of this vicinity would be quite a numerous body, and as the cultivation of the grape has become quite an extensive item in our productions, such a society might be of much benefit to those engaged in it.

Libel Suit Withdrawn.

We received on Saturday a telegram from J. S. Rutan, District Attorney of Beaver county, notifying us that the case of the Commonwealth against O. S. Long, charged with libel, had been compromised. Long is editor of the Beaver *Star*, and, a few days after the late Union meeting in that county, published a most shameful and infamous lie respecting our distinguished Governor, which we exposed at the time. Some of the Governor's friends, knowing the assertion to be an unqualified falsehood, instituted proceedings against Long for libel. He has since made amends by a full and unequivocal retraction, and the case has, therefore, been dropped. As there were a large number of witnesses subpœnaed to attend Beaver Court and testify in the case, they are now notified that their attendance is not required.

The Quota of the Twenty-second District.

We are indebted to Captain J. Heron Foster, Provost Marshal, for the following facts relative to the next draft in the Twenty-second District. The quota has been fixed at 1,915, to be drawn from the first class as before. The number of names to be drawn from the wheel will be 2,873, including the fifty per cent., subject to deductions for volunteers that may be obtained in the meantime. The quotas of sub-divisions will be decided on hereafter. It is estimated, however, that the quotas of the sub-divisions will not be more than three-fourths of what it was the last draft. The quota the last draft was 2,713, and 4,065 names were drawn, including the fifty per cent. As the next draft will take place on the 5th of January, 1864, our citizens have little time in which to fill up our quota by volunteering. We suggest that a meeting be held forthwith, and measures adopted by which volunteering may be encouraged. We should certainly be able to raise one regiment by offering a liberal bounty, in addition to the Government bounties.

Brutal Outrage.

One of the most brutal outrages we have heard of for some time was perpetrated in Allegheny city on Wednesday night last. It appears that a German, named Benz, and a colored man were employed, between eleven and twelve o'clock, in performing some work at a house at the head of Craig street, First ward, when a couple of rowdies came along and commenced interfering with them. They first attacked the colored man, and threatened to kill him, one of them striking him on the head with a stone, when he retired to the rear of the premises. Benz then came out and remonstrated with them, when one of them seized a standard of a dray near by, and struck him a blow that felled him. They then continued beating him with the standard, the poor man groaning all the while most painfully, until a neighbor hearing the noise, raised his window, and threatened to shoot them if they did not desist. They immediately left their victim, and made off as fast as they could. Benz, who has been discharged from the army wounded, after two years service, was conveyed to his residence, where appeared to be the abode of penury and want, and medical aid summoned. He was dreadfully beaten, his head being swollen to almost twice its natural size, and his arms and body were covered with bruises. If he recovers it will be a miracle. The watchman on that beat cried the hour in that vicinity not more than five minutes before the cowardly assault occurred. Some good Samaritans in the vicinity of Benz's house relieved his present wants, and will see that his family does not suffer during his prostration. In the meantime, the Mayor of Allegheny will exert every effort to discover the perpetrators of this most infamous outrage.

The Warren and Tidioute Railroad.

This project seems to be progressing favorably. The route is down the valley of the Allegheny river, from Irvine to Franklin, a distance of fifty-eight miles. We find the following particulars of the survey in a report of the Engineer, Mr. Samuel Lawrence, to the President and Directors of the road:

"The line of survey, starting from a point on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, about 600 feet west of Irvine (six miles west of Warren, in Warren county, Pa.,) traverses the extensive Irvine Flats for a distance of about two miles, then following the Allegheny river, on the west side, occasionally encountering bluffs—which are by no means serious; but the line generally remains on the river flats—on which the construction of the road, in ordinary times would be comparatively trifling.

"The distance to Tidioute—which is well-known to be the center of a prosperous oil region—is fifteen miles. The distance to Tionesta, a flourishing village, is twenty-nine and a half miles. At Pittbole, forty and a half miles from Irvine, a bridge of fifty feet span will be required; thence to Oil City, fifty miles from Irvine, the route is plain and simple. The work throughout will be extremely light. No formidable cutting or filling is encountered. The bridging will be trifling and inexpensive. The alignment is almost unexceptionable—no curves of a less radius than one thousand feet being necessary. The grades are unusually favorable—the heaviest as against the oil traffic being only ten feet per mile, and that for a distance of only one mile and a half. Every feature of the route assists in proving that a railroad is feasible, desirable, and can be constructed with unusual cheapness."

Vocal Music.—H. D. Brecht, teacher of Singing and Cultivation of the Voice, 128 Smithfield street.

Killed and Wounded in Knap's Battery.

From a private letter recently received from a member of Knap's Battery, we learn the names of the following killed and wounded members of the battery, in the battle at Lookout Mountain:

KILLED,

Capt. Chas. A. Atwell, Allegheny.
Lieut. E. D. Geary, Reading.
Sergt. Wm. Robinson, Philadelphia.
Private Wm. Thompson, Philadelphia.
Private Pat Malone, Lawrenceville.

WOUNDED,

Corp. James P. Stewart, Allegheny, tongue and lower jaw shot away.
Wm. Warden, sewickley, shot in both thighs.
Samuel Simpson, Patton township, shot in ankle, and will lose his foot.
Richard Hayward, Philadelphia, shot in ankle and will lose his foot.
John Miller, Ohio, shot in thigh.
Aaron Macklin, Westmoreland county, shot in wrist.
Robert Carnes, Pittsburgh, shot in the arm.
Joseph Kinnefelter, Pittsburgh, shot in the arm.
Harry Campbell, Allegheny, shot in the calf of the leg.
David Aiken, slightly.
Peter Cowell, slightly, under the arm.
Thomas Forsythe, seriously.
Henry Lobmaster, slightly, arm.
John Lewis, (guidon), slightly, in arm.
David Nicoll, seriously, in arm.
Anson Williams, slightly, in arm.
Charles Dorman, slightly, in both arms,
H. Gillin, wounded in the back.

Five were killed and twenty-two wounded, but the names of all those slightly wounded have not transpired. Two sections of the battery and fifty-two men were engaged in the fight. Of forty-eight horses attached to the battery, thirty were killed. From the casualties in this one battery, it will be seen that the battle must have been fiercely and desperately fought on both sides. A correspondent of the *Herald* thus refers to the gallant conduct of Pennsylvanians and of Knap's Battery:

"On the right of our line, when the enemy attempted to flank that portion of it, some thirty men of the Twenty-Ninth Pennsylvania Volunteers, assisted by two artillerymen, dragged one gun of Knap's battery, of which all the horses had been killed, to where there was a pass on the right of the railroad line, and here worked the gun with canister, and succeeded in actually driving back a flanking approaching column of rebels, and in preventing the contemplated flank movement Knap's battery lost thirty-three horses from two sections and had twenty-two men killed and wounded. All artillery officers were killed and wounded. There was expended 224 rounds of battery ammunition in less than two hours. The men and officers of the battery were wounded so rapidly that during the last hour of the fight the six drivers could only work the guns with difficulty. Major Reynolds, chief of artillery with our command, had to take charge in person of the artillery when the other officers were killed or wounded."

Major John A. Boyle, of the 111th, and Assistant Inspector Clendenning, of the 19th Pennsylvania Volunteers, were killed in the action.

Pennsylvania Officers in Richmond.

From a complete and voluminous list of the Union officers held as prisoners at Richmond, we obtain the names of the following from this State:

COLONELS.

Thomas E Rose, 77th; A H Tippen, 68th.

LIEUTENANT COLONELS.

F S Pyfer, 77th; D Miles, 79th; F Cavada, 114th.

SURGEONS.

D E Humphrey, 142d; G B Lummi, 13th Cavalry; W F McCurdy, 87th; John C Fried, 64th; W S Hossock, 78th.

MAJORS.

W B Neeper, 57th; A Philips, 77th; T B Rodgers, 140th; Harry A White, 13th Cavalry; A Von Mitzel, 74th; R Sterling, Aid to General Hooker; H White, 67th.

CAPTAINS.

J M Dushane, 145d; J C Johnson, 149th; E A Mass, 8th; J Macdowell, 77th; R Pollock, 14th cavalry; H H Gregg, 13th cavalry; A Helfly, 142d; W A Robinson, 77th; D Shory, 12th cavalry; G L Schell, 18th; G H Starr, 18th, John Teed, 126th; O Templeton, 107th; R H Day, 2th cavalry; R Dinsmore, 5th cavalry; H W Gunber, 105th; W L Gray, 131st; S B King, 12th cavalry; P Marsh, 67th; D B Meany, 13th cavalry; E C Moses, 58th; E J Pennybacker, 18th cavalry; J C Shroad, 77th, C C Widdis, 150th; S C Arthur, 67th; John Albright, 87th; John Bird, 14th cavalry; J C Carpenter, 68th; L F Borchers, 67th; W K Boltz, 181st; R T Cornwell, 67th.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

T J Borchers, 67; J Q Carpenter, 120th; J A Carmer, 107th; J S Divine, 71st; N H Dally, 8th; C L Edmonds, 67th; L L Fortesque, 29th; M Fellows, 14th; G W Grimm, 83d; J W Hagenbuch, 67th; Harsh, 87th; J Hull, 87th; H H Hind, 37th; C W Jones, 16, A Kresge, 67th; M Kupp, 67th; James Kane, 13th; F A M Krepps, 77th, H P Morrow, 6th; L Mayer, 12th; Thomas Meyers, 167th; T H Mahoney, 14th; D F Mahan, North, 107th; H C Potter, 18th; A M Paxton, 140th; J F Robinson, 67th; John Ryan, 66th; G W Simpson, 57th, A A Taylor, 133d; J E Woody, 67th; A H White, 27th; M Wilson, 14th, H Wilson, 18th; A B White, 4th cavalry; H Morningstar, 87th.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

R W Anderson, 123d; A Bierbower, 87th; C T Barclay, 149th; G B Brisber, 85th; G Rome, 50th; T Burns, 57th; S Boughton, 71st; W Bricker, 3d; W B Cook, 110th; J Chatborn, 150th; T G Cochran, 77th; T C Gay 11th; D J Gorgus, 89th; L P Gamble, 63d; D Garbet, 77th; D A Green, 13th; H F Hoffman, 40th; W Heffner, 67th; F A Hubbell, 67th; B H Herkness, 6th; C B Heffley, 142d; Geo Halpin, 116th; T Leming, 6th; W L Laws, 18th; J L Leslie, 18th; F Morley, 12th; D McKiel, 18th; J Mooney, 167th; C P Potts, 158st; L D Phelps, 8th; J Ruff, 67th; H E Rulon, 114th; J Smith, 67th; C P Stroman, 87th; E Schroders, 74th; H O Thayer, 66th; R Thompson, 67th; S H Terrowsthick, 18th; E J Weeks, 67th; P A White, 83d; W H H Welsh, 87th, J R Weaver, 18th; C H Drake, 142d, B Davis, 71st; A Dunkel, 11th; J Egan, 69th; M Fleck, 67th.

Allegheny Ladies' Relief Association.

The annual meeting of the Allegheny Ladies' Relief Association was held on Thursday. We would gladly have published the entire report had the proof of the proceedings reached us in proper season. We did not receive it until one o'clock Saturday morning, about the time we were going to press with our second edition.

The Secretary's report gives a very encouraging view of the operations of the Association during the past year, and is admirably written. It concludes as follows:

We enter upon another year's labors with willing hands, and hearts devoted, as we trust, to the sacred duties which, for the Savior's glory and the sufferer's good, we have assumed. May the Lord guide us in the way of wisdom, prevent us from error, open the hearts of those who have gold and silver in their keeping, and finally bless our work to the salvation of souls and to the glory of Him who when he was upon earth went about doing good.

The reports of the Secretary and Treasurer were read and ordered to be published.

The following is the report of Mrs. Mary V. Thompson, Treasurer:

DR.

To balance in Treasury	$15 43
To gentlemen's subscriptions	1082 20
To general donations	22 50
To collections by Managers	163 61
To Managers' fines	8 44
Total	$1494 27

CR.

By cash paid dry goods bill	$354 07
" " shoe bill	220 81
" " grocery bill	261 96
" " coal bill	580 08
" " out by Managers	72 55
" " sexton	5 00
Total	$1494 27

The friends of the institution were requested to place their subscriptions in the hands of any one of the managers, who each have a "bank book" for the purpose. The following is a list of officers and managers:

President—Mrs. Gen. Robinson.
Vice President—Mrs. Dr. Trevor.
Treasurer—Mrs. Robert Thompson.
Secretary—Mrs. J. F. MacLaren.
Managers—Mrs. F. R. Brunot, Mrs. John Patterson, Mrs. Dr. Dale, Mrs. Allen Kramer, Mrs. Robert Palmer, Mrs. J. F. Jennings, Mrs. Walter Bryant, Mrs. Hoag, Mrs. Pomdexter, Mrs. Braiding, Mrs. R. S. Hays, Mrs. Dr. Hussey, Misses Heron, Childs, Fleming, Whitten, Tassey, Bell, Morrison and Cooper.

The Coal Famine in Cincinnati.

Mr. Joseph Smith, Jr., the gentleman sent here by the joint committee of the Chamber of Commerce and City Councils of Cincinnati, for the purpose of purchasing coal and attending to its shipment, is busily engaged in the discharge of his trust. He has secured the privilege of loading cars at the Manchester depot of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company, has already sent off a number of cars to Cincinnati. The Cincinnati *Commercial* of Saturday has the following items relative to the operations of the Coal Committee:—"The Coal Committee have issued orders for 1,100 loads of coal, within the last three days. As yet, they can not meet the wants of all who apply, but expect to do so next week. Fifteen thousand bushels of coal have been furnished this week to the City Infirmary, for distribution, in lots of a few bushels, to the indigent who can not afford to buy. In some remarks on the coal question in Council, a member of the Committee stated that on and after Monday next, every load of coal that shall come to the city on any of the roads with which exclusive arrangements have been made, will be confiscated and sold to the needy."

Legal Intelligence.

CRIMINAL COURT.—Before Judges Sterrett, Mellon, Stowe and Brown.

SATURDAY, Nov. 7, 1863.

John C. Cauley, convicted on one charge of burglary and three charges of larceny, was sentenced to the penitentiary for the term of nine years—three years for burglary, and two years each on the larceny charges. He is a hardened criminal and took his sentence calmly.

Joseph Bell and Jacob Hardy, two boys, convicted of larceny, were committed to the House of Refuge.

Jane Morrison, convicted of keeping a bawdy house, was fined $200, and sentenced to ten days' imprisonment in the county jail.

Robert Gillespie, convicted of highway robbery, was sentenced to the penitentiary for five years.

A. Koenig, for illegal liquor selling, was fined $20 and costs.

Photographs—Persons wishing Photographs colored in Ink, Oil, or Water Colors, for the holidays, done up in the finest style of the art, would do well to call at as early a day as possible at the ever popular gallery of B. L. H. Dabb's, Nos. 90 and 92 Federal street, Allegheny, as the demand for his pictures at present though very large, will during the holidays, preclude many from procuring the likeness which they desire. lawtJa.

"Daily Commercial" Job Printing Office.—Orders for every style of Book and Job printing promptly and neatly executed, from a visiting card up to a mammoth poster. The most rapid and improved steam presses are used in the execution of the work.

OPPOSITE POST-OFFICE.

Albums;
Albums;
Albums;

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS.

FOR 30 CARDS $3.50:
" 40 " 4.00;
" 50 " 4.50;

ALL TURKEY BOUND.

SEE THEM;
SEE THEM, at
PITTOCK'S,
Opposite the Post Office;
oc29

PURVIANCE'S

PHOTOGRAPH ROOMS,

Corner Fifth and Market streets,

2d and 3d stories, over Richardson Jewelry store,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

PHOTOGRAPHS

OF EVERY STYLE,

PLAIN OR COLORED,

from the popular

CARTE DE VISITE to

CABINET and LIFE SIZE.

Mr. PURVIANCE

Would particularly call the attention of the AGED AND INFIRM to the easy accessibility of this establishment, being reached by a single short flight of stairs.

Prices Moderate,

and satisfaction guaranteed. se7

CHAMPAGNE BRANDY.—390 cases imported in glass; in store and for sale low by [oc10] MILLER & RICKETSON

SAVE YOUR GAS BY USING

Gleason's Anti-Flickering, American and Imperial Gas Burners,

A sure saving of twenty-five per cent. The ANTI-FLICKERING is just the thing for the office.

Call and see them burn at the Gas Fitting and Plumbing establishment of

WELDON & KELLY.
no1 164 Wood street.

N. SIEDLE & BRO.,

DEALERS IN SCEBBLER & SMITH'S

Pianos, Musical Instruments, Strings, &c.,

No. 183 Smithfield street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Pianos tuned, and Musical Instruments repaired. no42m

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS,

AT

E. R. GARDNER & CO.'S,

92

Market street.

no6

GRAPES.—We have packed away, for Winter use, the following varieties of Grapes:

DELAWARE,
CONCORD,
DIANA,
HERBEMONT,
ELSINGBURG,
TOKALON,
TAYLOR,
UNION VILLAGE,
ANNA,
REBECCA,
CATAWBA,
and ISABELLA.

Parties can be supplied by leaving their orders at No. 29 FIFTH street.
no3 J. KNOX.

DOUBLE XX ALE AND TREBLE XX ALE for sale in quantities to suit purchasers, by JOSHUA RHODES,
oc12 Duquesne Way.

PURE BRANDY.—26 cases Cognac, "Otard, Dupuy & Co." brand. In store and for sale by [oc1] MILLER & RICKETSON.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FOR additional commercial news see fourth page.

THE Money Market throughout last week was a good deal excited both East and West. It was owing in a great degree to the heavy subscriptions to the Government Loan. The deposits in the banks have been rapidly converted into 5-20's, but the Government is liberally disbursing these large amounts through its numerous channels of payment, and hence there cannot arise any great stringency in money matters.

Coupons from the 5-20 bonds are cashed in this city at about two per cent. under gold. They would be the same as gold only there is considerable trouble experienced in collecting them at the Sub-Treasury.

The Secretary of the Treasury has named the First National Bank of Pittsburgh, (formerly the Pittsburgh Trust Company,) the depository for the Internal Revenue for this locality.

It is stated that the United States Treasurer, General Spinner, has received orders to redeem whenever presented, with interest to date, all gold-bearing certificates of indebtedness falling due between the present date and the 3d of March. The amount of the interest on these certificates is over four millions.

At Cincinnati, the *Commercial* says: Hogs are unchanged in price, with scarcely anything doing. Packers would have to pay $6 if they wanted to buy, either for the present or short delivery, good 200 pound averages. That the season will be a short one, is quite universally the opinion entertained by the trade, and that as much obscurity attends the prospects of profit in packing as did the last two seasons, is equally as generally conceded. There is no doubt but that the Hogs marketed here will prove to be the best fatted that the country at large will produce, inasmuch as less damage was done to the Corn crop in the region of country tributary to this place.

The present position of the produce trade, says the New York *Herald* of Saturday, is not without its effect upon financial affairs. This time last year our Western products were coming forward liberally, under the influence of a good consumptive demand from England and other quarters, which relieved us of a surplus of sixty to sixty-five million bushels, at fair paying prices. But this year the case is different: England and the Continent of Europe have been more fortunate with their crops than for many years past. In fact, it is said that the English crop of cereals this year will be equal to those of the two preceding years put together. This, of course, gives us out from a large consumptive market, and, while the demand for export is less we must take lower prices for what we do ship, say twenty to thirty million bushels. Yet in the face of this a large speculative movement has been gotten up in the West in order to keep up prices, which operates against shipments and locks up large quantities of breadstuffs, which require large amounts to carry them. Prices are higher here by nearly six cents a bushel than in Liverpool, and higher again in Chicago than in New York. These Western speculators have extended their operations to this city, and are making every effort to blow their bubble still higher. The experience of the past, however, has taught men, however, these men begin to operate in New York the result is not only one of loss, but involves them so largely that they precipitate the defeat of their own calculations.

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE COMMERCIAL,
Monday, Nov. 9, 1863.

The weather on Saturday was favorable for out doog transactions, and trade generally was pretty active, with a good demand for most of the leading articles of produce. On the wharf there was a good deal of activity manifested. The following boats left for Cincinnati, with all the freight they could carry: "Argosy No. 2," "Arcola," "Silver Cloud No. 2" and "Ida Reese." The boats now at the landing ready for business are: The "Leondas," "Nevada" and "Starlight." Freights were abundant for all points. All that is wanted is a few feet more water, and then business would open up in real earnest. Our Railroads have more business than they can attend to. Among the sales reported we note the following:

HAY.—The market was firm, with a good demand, both from wagon and store. Sales at the scales at $32@35 ₱ ton. Sales of Baled at $30.

CHESTNUTS.—The demand was limited. Small lots were disposed of at $1 25@1 50 @ bus.

BUTTER.—The market during the week was firm, and former prices were well sustained. Sale of 1,500 lbs, fresh roll, at 22@24c. Sales of inferior at lower figures.

FLOUR.—Holders were firm at former prices. There was a good demand for lots ranging from 20 to 50 bbls. The receipts for some time have been restricted, owing principally to the high prices of freights on the western railroads. A rise in our river would soon set matters right. Among the sales were:

Extra.—100 bbls at $6 75;

Extra Family.—150 bbls at $6 75; 75 bbls do, a lower grade, at $6 50. Sales of Wagon Flour at lower figures. The sales we have quoted were from store.

BEANS.—The market was dull, with more sellers than buyers. Sales of 75 bushels of Navy white at $2 62 per bushel.

APPLES—The demand is improving, while the receipts were barely sufficient to meet the local demand. We note sales of 200 bbls, a good article, at $3 10@$3 25 per bbl. Inferior could be purchased at lower prices.

CHEESE—The market was firm, with a steady tradeat former prices. Sales of 67 boxes W. R. at 13½@13¾@14c. The latter figures for a choice article.

GRAIN—Was firm. The active demand we noticed in the early part of the week was kept up, so that at the close of the week prices ruled a shade higher. *Oats* were in fair demand; sales of 1,250 bushels at 73@74c, sales from store at 80@84c. *Barley*, the hemand exceeds the supply, Spring commands $1 30 readily, whist $1 50 was the lowest rates for Fall; a few hundred bushels were disposed of from wagon at those figures. *Corn*, market active, holders being disposed to demand higher figures; sales 1,200 bushels at $1 10@1 12½@. *Rye*, there being none in market, prices are nominal.

WHEAT—All good parcels offered find ready purchasers at *Red*, $1 25@1 26, *White*, $1 35@$ 30 per bushel.

FEED—The market was firm, with a good demand. Sales of 8 tres *Bran*, at $1 18@$1 20 er cwt., 4 tres *Middlings*, $1 80@$1 85, 3 tres *Shipstuffs* $1 25@$1 28c.

WHISKY—The market was steady, with a fair demand; sales of 64 bbls. City Rectified at 58@60c.

POTATOES—The market was steady, with a fair demand; sales of 200 bushels Nesh at 70@80c per bushel.

PITTSBURGH OIL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL,
Monday, Nov. 9, 1863.

The demand for Oil on Saturday, exhibited an increasing demand, and prices seems to have touched bottom. The market appeared more healthy, and in fact there was a better inquiry, whilst the reports from the East were altogether more favorable for holders. From present appearances, it looks as if the Oil business would take a fresh start during the present week. We expect the receipts by the river to increase. The rates of freight between this place and Oil City are too high. A rise of water however, will soon regulate these matters.

Exports—Since our last foot up as follows: To New York—Refined, 87. Tar, 89. Benzole, 50 bbls. To Philadelphia—280 bbls. To Baltimore—52 bbls.

The shipments westward only amounted to 145 bbls.

Imports—During the same time per Allegheny Valley railroad—522 bbls, all told.

Crude—The market was not in a very settled state. We note sales of various lots, amounting in the aggregate to 975 bbls., at 15c., packages returned, and 200 bbls., packages included, at 20c.; 500 do at 20½c.

The Daily Commercial.

COMMERCIAL.

New York Dry Goods Market.

Trade is still good for the season, and prices, especially of all other goods and all foreign fabrics, are very firm and buoyant, from the steady advance in raw cotton and the buoyancy of the gold market. Stocks are much reduced. The retail trade is very active, and jobbers are selling freely. Domestics are taken up readily at firm prices Brown and bleached shirtings and sheetings are very firmly held, though the market is quiet. Drills are strong, as Government is in want of a large supply for army purposes. Such is also the case with Canton flannels, the price of which is tending up. Cotton ducks are scarce. Stripes and ticks are dull. In woolens, there is a good demand for delaines, and prices are buoyant. Manchesters are sold to order, and are being delivered freely at the highest prices of the season. Fancy cassimeres of desirable styles are in poor supply relative to the demand, and secure full prices. Only stale goods and *passe* styles are dull and easy. Beavers and cloakings generally are all in good demand and rather scarce. Blue and scarlet cloths continue still the rage, and the demand is poorly supplied.

Shawls are quiet, with a poor stock remaining after the very large demand of the season. Flannels are still wanted—prices firm. Satinets are dull. Fine doeskins much wanted. Foreign goods are selling readily, mostly through the auction-rooms, where competition is lively, and secures good prices, readily given. The supply is below the demand of all dress goods. Silks have advanced, jobbers being obliged to renew their stocks. French worsteds are nearly out of the market. Ribbons are more sought for, and prices are firmer. Western dealers are buying largely. The importations of the week have been large, and are sold readily on arrival, almost without regard to price. Importers, however, are puzzled by the fluctuating rates of the exchanges. The receipts in the corresponding week of 1862 are just one-half of those in the week just passed—yet they are not adequate to the demand—*Independent.*

BOSTON BOOT AND SHOE MARKET.—The *Shoe and Leather Reporter* says: The market has been rather quiet this week, but still the demand for desirable goods is fully equal to the supply, and manufacturers find but little spare time on their hands. There has been a falling off in the New England and near-by trade, but the call from the west still continues good, and there is no perceptive change in the shipments to that section. Some of those goods are for army use, but a great proportion of them are intended for the regular trade. With a larger stock of goods in the market trade would have been remarkably good for this time of the year. The call for army goods bids fair to increase, as proposals for boots both sewed and pegged were opened in Cincinnati this week. Most of the goods awarded by these Quartermasters will be made up in Massachusetts, and will help to keep some manufacturers busy during the next two months, which is usually a dull season,

The total shipments of boots and shoes by rail and sea, for the past week, have been 11,053 cases. Of this number 10,345 cases were sent by rail as follows: 2,889 cases to New York and Pennsylvania; 1,054 to the Southern States now in our possession, and 6,402 to the Western States, including 124 cases to California. The clearances from the Custom house were 708 cases.

CLEARANCES.

	cases		cases
Philadelphia	589	New Orleans	91
Halifax	73	Hayti	1
Cuba	3		
Total shipments by sea			708

PHILADELPHIA BOOT AND SHOE MARKET.—From the *Shoe and Leather Reporter.*—Dealers have been busily engaged, although the major part of the sales have been to the near-by trade. We see a few early buyers who are in the market the second or third time, and who purchase liberally wherever goods are offered at nearly former prices. Our manufacturers are busily engaged; the call for city work for women, children, and all descriptions of men's wear is large, and the production hardly equals the demand. The rates in city-made goods are constantly advancing, but the finished article does not advance faster than the raw material. The shipments of boot and shoes from eastern ports to this city during the past month have been unusually large. More than 800 cases have arrived, being nearly double the amount received the same time last year. The inquiry for army bootees and cavalry boots has become more urgent. Contractors are generally behind their promises, and receipts at the arsenal are tardy. The great advance in quotations and the scarcity of stock retards production.

We give our usual table of arrivals of boots and shoes for the month;

	Rail.	Water.	Total.
October, 1863,	2549	5487	8036
" 1862,	4229	328	4557
" 1861,	2484	1254	3738
" 1860,	——	——	1806

PHILADELPHIA HIDE MARKET.—There have been few movements in dry Hides in first hands. The recent decline in prices of dry South American Hides are inducing tanners to send forward orders for stock to be immediately worked in. The call for green and green salted Hides continues. The stock in dealers' and salters' hands is very small and prices have advanced. Salters are now paying 8@9c for butchers' weights, and are asking 13c for steer and 12c for cow. We quote out of salt at 12@12½c for cow and steer, with a firm market. Transient lots are offering at 11½@12½c; dry domestic and western are offering at 20@23.

HOG PRODUCTS.—Hogs sold at Chicago prices ranging all the way from $2 50 to $4 40, gross, the lower rate for 133 lbs, and the latter for 261 lbs averages. Green hams sold at 6c delivered, and tierce lard at 10½c for No. 1.

At Cleveland, hogs are bringing 4½c for light; 5@5½c for medium, and 6c for heavy, net weight. The receipts are light, but a large business is anticipated this season. The number of beef cattle packed at Cleveland, so far this season, is 9,270, nearly all of which are for the English market. Heavy, full-fed cattle are in good demand, but inferior are dull. The quotations are: first class, averaging 1,200 to 1,600 lbs, 3c4c; second, 2½@3c; third 2½@2½c; fourth, 1½@2c.

CINCINNATI.

The market for Hogs is very quiet; 86 remains the figure at which 200 lbs averages are quoted. Packers are quite unwilling to make purchases or contracts now. Frosty weather might change their spirits, although calculations as to what may be done with the product of Hogs purchased at that figure are decidedly unsatisfactory in the promises of a profit. Three houses were engaged in cutting to-day, and of course run much risk in handling the meat with such a temperature.

Baltimore Cattle Market.

Cattle—The offerings of Beef Cattle at the State Live Stock scales to-day amounted to 1,750 head against 2,300 last Thursday. The inquiry was chiefly for the better descriptions, and the lower grades closed heavy. Of the receipts, 800 head were left over unsold, 100 head taken for Washington, 100 head for grazing, and the balance, 750 head, by Baltimore butchers and packers, at prices ranging from $2 25 to $4 50 for common to fair cattle, and at $5 per 100 lbs gross for very good quality. Sales at the latter figure were light.

Hogs—We have to note an improved feeling in this market in consequence of the demand for packing. Sales ranged from $6.25 to $7.50 per 100 lbs. net, for ordinary to prime live hogs; an advance in all grades of ½@½c per lb.

Sheep—Receipts continue liberal and command 3½ to 4½c per lb. gross, as to quality.

Baltimore Lead and Copper Market.

Lead—All varieties have been in fair request at former prices, viz: Bar at 10 cts.; Sheet and Pipe at 11 cts.; Pig Tin at 52@55 cents for Banca and Bars at 60 cents; Sheet Zinc at 11½@12 cents; Tin Plates at $13 50@14 for I. C., and at $16@17 for I. X. ℔ box.

Copper—Early in the week some small sales of refined Ingot were made at 33½ cts, now held at 33½@34 cents. Prices of other description are unchanged, viz: American and English Copper Sheathing we quote at 42 cents. Yellow Metal do. at 29 cents. Copper Nails at 42 cents, Bolts at 40 cents. Yellow Metal Nails at 29 cents, and do. Bolts at 30 cents ℔ lb.

Baltimore Iron Market.

Metals—In this branch of trade transactions have been very meagre, but prices are sustained for all descriptions of Iron and Copper tending upwards.

Iron—We have reported sales of 300 tons No. 3 Pig, at $57 ℔ ton, We quote; Baltimore Forge at $44@45; Baltimore Charcoal No. 1 Foundry at $45@45; other brands No. 1 Charcoal, $41@43; No. 2 $38@39; No. 3 do, $36@37; Scotch do from yard, $40@41; American and English refined bars, $87,50 @90; common do, $82,50@85; Swedes $125; Russia sheets, 18½@19c; American do 6½@7c ℔ lb. Nails, cut 4d and upwards $4,90; do 3d $5,90; do 2d, $6,60 ℔ 100 lbs; wrought 5d and 12d 6½@6½c, bolt and ship spikes, 7c, and bolt rivets 7c ℔ lb.

LOUISVILLE MARKETS.—Hemp—Sales of Missouri at $85@90 ℔ ton. Kentucky in demand and nominal at $100 ℔ ton. Tobacco—Sales of 80 hhds as follows: 2 at $7 50@7 60; 10 at $8@8 75; 7 at $9@9 70; 7 at $10@10 75; 5 at $11@11 75; 6 at $12@12 75; 4 at $13@13 50; 7 at $14@14 75; 3 at $15 25@15 75; 6 at $16@16 75; 10 at $17@17 75; 6 at $18@19 50; 2 at $19 25@19 75, 1 at $20, 1 at $22, and 2 at $25 50.

CINCINNATI TOBACCO MARKET.—Sales of Leaf tobacco at Bodman's Warehouse was 55 hhds, viz: 24 hhds Mason county Lugs and Trash, viz: 17 hhds Lugs and Trash, viz: 3 hhds $8; 4 hhds at $8 50; 3 hhds $9; 1 hhd $9 50; 1 hhd $9 75; 1 hhd $11; 2 hhds $12 25; 3 hhds $12 50; 2 hhds $13 50; 1 hhd $14; 1 hhd $15; 2 hhds $15 50. 28 hhds Leaf as follows: 3 hhds $16; 3 hhds $16 25; 2 hhds $16 50; 4 hhds $16 75; 1 hhd $17; 2 hhds $17 50; 3 hhds $18; 2 hhds, $18 25; 1 hhd $19; 1 hhd $20; 1 hhd $22 50; 1 hhd $23; 1 hhp $24; 1 hhd $25 50; 3 hhds Virginia, 1 at $14 75, 1 at $17 75 and 1 at $30; and 15 boxes, ranging from $8 to $21. Receipts light.

PHILADELPHIA LEATHER MARKET.—The demand has been large, but the advance in prices and the extreme views of holders have rather discouraged operators, excepting those who have contracts that must be filled. Sales have nearly covered the receipts. In almost every kind of leather the rates have advanced since our last review. In some descriptions stock is really scarce, and quotations have been affected thereby, while in other cases the advance has been made by holders.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago RR. Nov. 6, '63—J S Leggett, 208 bgs wheat; Mackeown & Co, 100 bbls flour; A Myers, 41 bbls apples; J C Skinner, 86 do; G R Proctor, 24 bbls, 1 bx; W McCullough, 50 bbls whisky; McWhinney & Hare, 1 bx, 1 bg, 1 roll; D Fisher, 1 esk, 2 bxs, A Moore; 2 bxs, 1 chest; S Pfiffelin, 3 chests, 1 bdl, 1 box; J Ramsey, 1 rocker, 1 bolstead; McKee & Bro, 1 esk cullets, 8 bbls do; J B Estenheden, 3 bxs, G W Hoffstatt, 100 g hides; S Byerly, 100 g hides; C G Hussey, 1 bdl brass; J Ogden, 1 ball yarn; Perkins & Co, 1 crate rugs; Townsend & Co, 1 esk, 4 bxs, H Gerwig, 2 bales, 13 spools; McCullough & Co, 71 bgs rags; W N North, 1 sk hair; Wm Cooper, 45 bxs soap; Jno Lloyd, 1 bx, 1 bbl; Spencer & McKay, 39 bgs barley; J Garver, 1 bbl oil; J Rhodes, 3 bbls, 3 hlf bbls, 1 car bark; Miller & Ricketson, 11 kgs, 9 hlf bbls, W A Smeathem, 120 kgs nails, J Cline, 3 bbls apples; A C Taggart, 13 rolls leather, Hall & Spear, 5 iron beams; E Gregg, 2 bbls potatoes; Dr D Janson, 1 bx drugs; J Dant, 3 bbls cider; Mitchell & Herron, 1 stove; E H Myers, 1 dozen brooms; Lambert & Shipter, 25 dozen brooms; Fetzer & Armstrong, 20 bbls apples; J Schenlback, 4 bbls apples, 2 do cider; H H Price, 2 bbls apples; J Powell, 1 do do; Means & Coffin, 25 bxs soap; S Brownlee, 10 do candles; L J Blanchard, 12 bxs soap; W M Kroun, 1 oil bbls; S Weaver, 2 ps castings; Culp & Shepherd, 15 bbls apples; Siebert & Killerman, 11 rolls leather, 15 sks scraps; ——Dressel, 1 bbl apples; L H Voigt, 6 do apples; Hammer & Dauler, 3 bureaus; J Kee, 1 lot saundries; J Hemilton 1 do do; Campbell & Hutchinson, 50 bbls cider; Townsend, 5 esks, 2 bxs; W H Kirkpatrick, 20 doz brooms; E B Mathews, 45 do do; J Berlin, 1 car hay; C S Caldwell, 4 hnds bacon; E B Godfrey, 30 bgs oats; Hays & Co, 100 g hides; S M Kier, 2 bbls grits; E E Sellers, 10 do do; Woodside & Co, 3 do do; W B Clark, 200 d hides; King & Pennock, 42 bales cotton; Rea & Kiel, 225 bgs bran; W M'Cullough 60 bbls whisky; A Gordon, 17 bxs lead; Col R H Hartley, 7 bxs saddle tress; Weyman & Son, 2 hhds tobacco; M'Nish & Bro, 1 lot sundries; Fackner & Irwin, 7 doz frames; D Wallace, 49 bbls wheat, 3 cars corn; Culp & Shepherd, 100 bbls flour; Lindsay & Telford, 100 do do; Watt & Wilson, 100 do do; Gregg & Co, 100 bbls flour.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh R. R.—Nov. 7—R S Williams, 2 cider mills; Jno Mullins, 5 bbls iron; J & F F Wright, 1 stool, 1 ovan, &c; H W Buffum, 10 bbls apples; Shumaker & Lang, 69 cases matches, 15 bbls white fish; H E Sellers & Co, 25 cases matches; Newmeyer & Caulf, 1 box axes; Lippencott & Co, 19 bbls scrap iron, 1 esk, 2 old cylinders; Wm Keehler, 2 sks feathers; C W Hubbard, 4 kgs nails, 1 anvil; C C Baisley, 8 bbls cider; Nimick & Co, 166 blumes; Chas Kiefer, 47 hides; Bryer, Richards & Co, 9 casks pearls; D Wallace, 157 bgs oats; Bakewell, Pears & Co, 50 esks pearls; Jno Grazier, 2 butts tobacco, 1 hf do; B A Fahnestock, 1 can; L H Voigit, 178 bbls apples; Furniss & Daly, 60 bbls apples; Jno E Park, 4 do do, 1 bx do; Frank Von Gerdjer, 61 do do; W McCutcheon, 49 do do; Mullen & McColong, 10 tons sheet iron; M D Milliman, 2 drills; Atwell, Lee & Co, 100 bbls flour; J Rhodes, 2 empty kegs; J Herbert, 23 bbls apples; Wm Wade, Jr, 9 do do; Buhm, Kelsey & McFadden, 5 empty oil bbls; J Watt, 4 bbls cider, 10 sks apples; Schultz & Son, 28 esks cullets, 62 bbls apples, 8 bxs cheese, 64 bgs potatoes; H A Merrick, 15 bbls apples; W Seddon, 17 do; T S Murphy, 30 sks potatoes; McWhinney & Hare, 54 bdls felloes, 2 do shafts; J A Caughy, 2 bbls apples; Potter & Aiked 126 bbls do, 58 sks do, 1 car do; M Day 25 bbls oil; Fleming & Bro do; J S Liggett & Co 27 sks wheat; Jane Loyd, 1 bx 1 h goods; B Gprney, 5 bxs cheese; Jno Raub, 11 do; H H Collins, 10 chimney tops; McDonald & Arbuckle, 19 sks potatoes; M Markham, 1 bbl potatoes, 1 do apples; M E Flanegan, 1 kg butter, 2 bbls apples; 1 bg potatoes; Wm Siddon, 21 bxs cheese; Pitts. Sanitary Com. 2 bxs and 1 kg sundries; Jno A Kensham, 5 bbls oat meal, 1 bbl pears and 2 bxs dry goods; Jno Dean, 2 bxs dry goods; Maxsell & Grafton, 7 bbls eggs, 7 kgs butter; L H Voight, 1 bbl bacon 1 esk; C O Adams, 8 bls oil; Hallman & Rahm; 16 hhd blumes; Jno McLean, 1 lot H H goods; Noble & Angel, 96 bls wheat.

Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincin. R.R. Nov. 7.—R T Kennedy & Bro, 1 car wheat; Saml Fahnestock, 2 bxs tools, 2 bdls shovels; P H Landman, 1 bdl hoops; Lantner & Sons, 2 bx tools 6 bdls hoops; J C Kirkpatrick, 21 empty oil buls; C Ihmsen & Son, 1 bx glass; Bonningham 4 bls D W Gross & Co, 5 bls alcool; Col R H Whiteley 152 bxs; B A Fahnestock, 10 bls whisky; King & Pennock, 54 bales cotton; J A Caughey, 10 bbls lard oil; W B Scaife, 11 castings, 1 bdl iron rings; W J Knorr, 1 bbls potatoes,

AN ORDINANCE FOR WEIGHING COAL, NUT COAL AND HAY.

Sec. 1. Be it ordained, and it is hereby enacted by the Borough Council of M'Keesport, that from and after the legal publication of this ordinance that all Hay, Coal and Nut Coal shall be weighed on the Borough Scales as hereafter specified.

Sec. 2. There shall be within the borough limits one weigh scales the capacity of six tons for the weighing of such articles as may be hereinafter provided for; said scales to be located at a point easy of access, and suited to the convenience of the public.

Sec. 2. All hay offered for sale within the Borough shall be weighed before being delivered, on the scales hereby authorized, and it shall be the duty of the Weighmaster to weigh all the hay brought to the borough for sale, and give a certificate thereof, for which he shall be entitled to be paid by the vender the sum of 25 cents for each load weighing over one ton, and 25 cents for each load weighing under one ton. Any person who shall sell or purchase any hay within the said borough without it being first so weighed and certified, or shall offer to sell, or sell the same contrary to the said weight or certificate, shall forfeit and pay for each offence the sum of Ten dollars, and any weighmaster or deputy who shall purchase any hay other than for his own use, shall forfeit and pay for each offence, upon conviction thereof, the sum of Ten Dollars.

Sec. 4. All Coal or Nut Coal bought, sold or delivered within the borough in carts, wagons or other vehicles, shall be weighed upon said scales and the number of bushels in each load ascertained by weight by the weighmaster thereof at the rate of seventy-six pounds to the bushel, and if any person shall offer for sale, or sell of deliver, or receive payment for any load of coal or nut coal which has not been so weighed, and the number of bushels therein ascertained, and before he has obtained a certificate thereof, or having received such certificate shall sell or otherwise dispose of said load, or any part or parcel thereof contrary to the certificate, or attempt to impose a false certificate in the sale thereof, or when he hath made sale shall not, in the delivery of the coal or nut coal, also deliver the certificate of it to the purchaser, he shall for every such offence forfeit and pay the sum of Five Dollars, and every person purchasing and paying for coal or nut coal, not previously weighed and certified, shall likewise forfeit and pay for every such offence the sum of Five Dollars, and if any weighmaster authorized by this ordinance shall purchase any coal or nut coal other than for his own use, he shall forfeit and pay for every such offence the sum of Twenty Dollars. Provided: That this section shall not apply to manufacturers who purchase by continuous contracts, where the buyer and seller agree to waive weighing under this ordinance.

Sec. 5. A Weighmaster shall be appointed for the scales authorized by this ordinance, whose duty it shall be to weigh all that may be offered for weighing, and to keep a Register in which he shall enter every load weighed, with the weight of the same and the fees received for weighing. He shall furnish a certificate stating the number of bushels therein contained of coal or nut coal, and the number of pounds, if of other articles.

Sec. 6. It shall be the duty of Council to elect a Weighmaster the first Monday of October in each year, whose salary shall be 50 per cent. of the gross receipts of the scales.

Sec. 7. The Weighmaster shall give bonds, with one or more sufficient securities, in the sum of two hundred dollars, to be approved by the Council, as conditions for the faithful performance of his duties. He shall pay over to the said Treasurer, for the use of the borough, on the first Monday of every month, the per centage to which the borough is entitled to under his contract, and his register shall always be open to public inspection.

Sec. 8. For weighing coal or nut coal the Weighmaster shall be allowed to charge the following fees, and no more, which shall be paid at the time the certificate of weight measure is given: For each load containing 25 bushels and under, Five Cents; for each load containing over 25 and not more than 40 bushels, Ten Cents; for each load containing more than 50 bushels, Fifteen Cents, and in all cases where a load contains the fractional part of a bushel, less than half a bushel shall not be counted, but if over a half bushel it shall be counted as one bushel.

Sec. 9. For all single drafts, other than coal or nut coal and hay, of articles the weighing of which is not otherwise specially provided for, he shall be allowed to charge the following fees and no more: If less than one ton 25 cents; If over one ton and less than two tons, 50cents; if over two tons, at the rate of 40 cents per load.

Sec. 10. It shall be the duty of the said weighmaster to keep his weights and scales in good order and repair, and in all cases where mud and dirt or other extraneous substances shall adhere to any vehicle weighed, it shall be the duty to make a suitable deduction for the same, as also for every undue moisture in hay or nut coal.

Sec. 11. All fines imposed by this ordinance shall be sued for and recovered before the Burgess or any Justice of the Peace, as other fines arising under said borough ordinances are now by law recoverable; one-half thereof to the use of said borough, and the other half to the person who may sue for the same.

Sec. 12. That all ordinances heretofore in relation to weighing hay, and are now in force, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

JOHN W. PATTERSON, Burgess.

JAS. H. BERRY, Clerk.

McKeesport, Nov. 5, 1863. (no6:3t

DUQUE DO PORTO.—50 dozen Port Wine, imported in glass, and a very superior Wine; in store and for sale by

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BULBOUS FLOWER ROOTS.—We have just received a very superior assortment of HYACINTHS, TULIPS, CROCUS, POLYANTHUS, NARCISSUS, JONQUILS &c., &c.

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OF NEW YORK.

Assets, July 1st, 1863.....$2,007,530 91.

PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

Assets,.....$545,896 46.

SPRINGFIELD FIRE INS. CO.,

OF SPRINGFIELD, MASS.,

Assets,.....$407,079 30.

PROVIDENCE WASHINGTON INS. CO.,

OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Assets,.....$355,967 39.

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CAN BE
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A FULL SETT ON VULCANITE
with plain Teeth, for
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oc20:3w

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TOBACCO MANUFACTORIES,

Nos. 31 St. Clair street, and 53 and 55 Hand street,

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The choicest and most elegant brands of Cigars and Tobacco manufactured and for sale by
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(Under the Act approved 18th July, 1863.)
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Wholesale and Retail Dealing in Wines.

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Manufacturers of EAGLE and NIAGARA

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